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NO 38

RICHNESS OF OUR MINES

As is Described by One Who Understands Them.

Nothing less than whether the new Southwestern Kentucky lead, zinc and fluor spar district, located in Livingston and Crittenden counties, Ky., means a revolution in the zinc trade, is the momentous question with which many lead and zinc producers in this country are now concerned. As to fluor spar it is a settled fact beyond a doubt that these two counties, with perhaps some adjoining territory, will supply the entire United States and the major portion of the world, for no other section has this rare mineral ever been found in sufficient quantity to pay to mine.

Producers of every degree, from millionaire capitalists to prospectors with a limited knowledge and less means are all represented and they continue to come, inspect, and go away satisfied the territory is beyond a doubt, the wonderfully great system of fissure veins, containing lead, zinc and fluor spar, the richness of the veins being beyond belief.

It has been only a short time since prospect work was begun in this district, but once begun, it has been carried on in earnest, and there is now in active operation many mines producing and marketing from 25 to 100 tons of their product daily. In fact it is a veritable mining camp, covering many miles of territory.

The influx of capital into this territory has been slow, but steadily. There has been no great boom, but a continuous growth of mining interests, and from present indications the day is not far distant when Southwestern Kentucky will not only control the fluor spar market but also the lead and zinc markets of the United States.

The gravity of the situation here has been the separation of the zinc blende; the lead takes care of itself and will pay handsomely to mine here. There is also in addition about 80 per cent. of zinc and fluor spar, the division being about 25 per cent. zinc and 55 per cent. fluor spar, the specific gravity of the two being nearly identical, or less than one point difference. The separation of these two will place this district in advance of any other mining district in the world, as the entire output of these three fissure veins becomes marketable, with the exception of less than 10 per cent. which goes off in tailings.

This one great objection has been overcome by Mr. C. H. Lane, mining machinist, of Cleveland, Ohio, who has spent considerable time in visiting this section and who now absolutely guarantees same. Messrs. Drake, Barnes & Co., also of Cleveland, Ohio, who control mines and are largely interested in some of the most promising properties in the district, and who were instrumental in Mr. Lane's exertions, have secured control of this separating machinery for this district, and intend to erect a large custom mill for the separation of ores, thereby serving all producers alike until such time as each can equip a mill of their own.

Another very serious drawback is the absence of railroad facilities; but this matter can be very easily overcome, as with the increasing mining interests and the vast quantities of mineral being piled up on the dumps, awaiting a means of transportation, the railroad magnates, first one and then the other, will lose no time in extending their line to pick up this vast cargo of freight. The territory extends from the Ohio river, on the West, and North from the Cumberland river on the South to Marion, Ky., on the East. Here is the nearest railroad point, the Illinois Central railroad.

Salem, Livingston county, Ky., is about the center of the mineral belt, as near as can be ascertained from present developments.

Meantime all over Livingston and Crittenden counties there will be prospecting and drilling for more minerals; all of the two counties, where surface indications point to mineral, will be worked by the eager prospector, both from home and abroad. This district is now all the talk among mining men, and it will be a great surprise if the developments of the lead and zinc industry here is not one of the great big things of the opening years of the new century.

OVER A DICE GAME

Negroes Have Trouble and One of Them is Shot.

Saturday evening at Salem some negroes employed at the tobacco factory were enjoying a crap game when Charley Blue and Lin Merriwether, a negro from Marion, got into a row. Blue had won Merriwether's money and the latter wanted it back, but Blue refused to give it up. Merriwether drew a revolver and shot Blue in the breast and immediately made his escape. Blue was not dangerously wounded and he too left the town, fearing arrest. Officers captured Merriwether at Fredonia, and he was taken back to Salem.

Gass---Ratcliff.

Mr. Adar Gass and Miss Josie Ratcliff were united in marriage at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. George Ratcliff, Wednesday evening, Feb. 20, Rev. U. G. Hughes officiating. Mr. Gass is a most enterprising young farmer. The bride is a beautiful young lady. Quite a number of friends were at the wedding. An elegant dinner was served at the home of Mr. F. Y. Gass, on Thursday, in honor of the bride and groom.

Beard---Lofton.

At the residence of the bride's mother, on Crooked Creek, Mr. T. E. Beard and Miss Susie Lofton were united in marriage, Wednesday evening, Feb. 20, Rev. U. G. Hughes performing the ceremony. Mr. Beard is a prominent young farmer and the bride is a popular young lady of the Crooked Creek neighborhood.

Commencing this week, dining cars will be operated on trains No 101 and 1, and 102 and 2 of the Illinois Central between Central City and Memphis.

TAKES CARBOLIC ACID.

Miss Nonie Prowse of Hopkinsville, Commits Suicide.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Feb. 24.—Miss Nonie Prowse, aged twenty years, daughter of County Clerk John P. Prowse, killed herself this morning. At 4 o'clock she went into the room of her brother Chas. Prowse, and awakened him. "I have taken Carbolic acid. I could not help it. I will see Frank now," she exclaimed, and fell unconscious and soon died. Miss Prowse was a general favorite and universally regarded as the prettiest girl in Hopkinsville. She took her life while mentally unbalanced from brooding over the death of her brother, Frank Prowse, a private in the Third Kentucky regiment, who died two years ago en route home from Cuba, to be mustered out. Miss Prowse's family and friends had known for some time her mind was not right, and lately her health had failed.

FIRE DESTROYS

A Big Flouring Mill and Elevator At Princeton.

Princeton, Ky., Feb. 25.—Powell's flouring mills burned last night, entailing a loss estimated at \$12,000. The fire was discovered in the third story of the structure, and it was but a short time until the immense brick building and the elevator were in ruins.

For a time it looked like the city lumber yard, Templeman & Cash's feed store house and the electric power house would go, but heroic work saved them. The insurance on the mill and fixtures was \$9,000. The origin of the fire is unknown. Kit Hanks, the miller, says the property was set afire twice within the past month.

NEWS NOTES.

King Edward is visiting in Germany.

Over three hundred Chinamen were killed in an attack on German troops.

A Nationite was fatally shot during a raid on a wholesale liquor house in Topeka, Kansas, Monday.

Mrs. Nation has been released from the Topeka jail on bond and left for Peoria, Ill., to edit the Peoria Journal for one day, for which she is to be paid \$150.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The Fifty-sixth Congress, now drawing to a close, has witnessed the establishment of governments for Porto Rico and Hawaii, the increase of the standing army to 100,000 men, the reappointment of congress and the permanent establishment of the gold standard. Appropriations reach \$1,457,269,457, or only \$110,000,000 less than the appropriations of the war congress. Among the matters that lapse are the Ship Subsidy bill, the Nicaragua Canal bill, the Pacific Cable bill, the Oleomargarine bill and possibly the War Revenue Reduction bill.

Presidential Inauguration Ceremonies, March 4.

On account of the above mentioned occasion tickets will be sold to Washington, D. C., and return at rate of one regular first class fare. Tickets will be sold only on March 1st, 2d and 3d, limited to continuous passage in each direction, and to March 9, 1901 for return. T. C. Jameson, Agt.

THE Road TO Wealth



Starts at the Mile-stone of Economy. That Mile-stone is Located Right in this Store, and you can begin traveling the Royal Road as soon as you commence dealing here.

WE SELL EVERYTHING,

That is, the Best of Everything, and Charge no more than others ask for Inferior Orders.

'TWOULD TAKE A BIG BOOK

To tell of half the beauty and economy of our New Century stock of

Furniture and House Furnishings!

Why not visit the Store and let the goods do their own talking and the prices their own arguing?

BETTER GOODS FOR LESS MONEY



HONEST GOODS AT HONEST PRICES!

As Winter Approaches

More or less stimulants are needed, and of course none but the best should be used, and by seeing

J. H. Orme's Extensive Line

You are sure to say that his can not be excelled for medicinal purposes. His line embraces the following:

Apple Brandy,
Peach Brandy,
Old Prentice,
Progress Club,

Old Joe Perkins,
Green River,
Echo Springs,
Old Stone

and last but not least, his Old Harper Whiskey. Having received 100 pounds of pure, crushed Rock Candy he can fix a most palatable preparation of Brandy, Glycerine and Rock Candy that will cure any cold.

Remember this is the place to buy pure and unadulterated

Strayed.

From the George Cruce farm, 2 miles east of Crayneville, about two weeks ago, one bright red cow 3 years old, weighs about 700 lbs. Information as to her whereabouts gladly received.

Edge Cruce, Crayneville.

Notice.

All persons indebted to me are requested to call and settle. I need the money and must make these collections without delay. A word to the wise is sufficient.

W. B. Binkley.

View, Ky., Jan. 1, 1901.

FOR SALE.—A house of four rooms, 4 acres land, good orchard, garden, stables, etc., on Morganfield road, 4 miles from Marion. Terms easy. See R. C. Walker.

New goods just received. One hundred patterns to choose from. Call and inspect my goods.

M. E. Fols.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

THE CRITTENDEN PRESS

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

MARION, : : : KENTUCKY.

A WEEK'S RECORD

All the News of the Past Seven Days Condensed.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS

News of the Industrial Field, Personal and Political Items, Happenings at Home and Abroad.

THE NEWS FROM ALL THE WORLD

CONGRESSIONAL.

Almost all of the time in the senate on the 13th was devoted to consideration of the post office appropriation bill. Senator Hale introduced a bill providing for the appointment of two vice admirals and also a joint resolution of thanks to Admiral Sampson for his services during the late war with Spain. In the house a bill appropriating \$5,000,000 for the St. Louis exposition was passed and the sundry civil bill was further discussed. A bill was introduced providing for a special court to decide disputed pension claims.

On the 13th the senate rejected the conference report on the military academy appropriation bill by a vote of 18 to 42, thinking the hazing penalty too severe. Senator Gallinger introduced an amendment to the army bill appropriating \$547,500 for extra lost by soldiers through abolishment of canteens. The house spent the day upon the civil appropriation bill and finished 99 of the 126 pages. The deficiency appropriation bill (\$33,333,429) was reported.

The time in the senate on the 20th was spent in discussing the post office appropriation bill. The committee on military affairs introduced Senator Spooner's resolution providing for civil rule in the Philippines. The house passed the sundry civil appropriation bill and entered upon consideration of the general deficiency—the last of the general appropriation bills.

The senate on the 21st considered the post office appropriation bill and an amendment providing for pneumatic tube service was killed. The house passed the deficiency bill after a day of exciting debate, during which Mr. Hepburn (la.) made a speech charging that the military bill formed at West Point and Annapolis were responsible for army desertions.

DOMESTIC.

The old cadets at Kenyon military academy in Ohio have signed a pledge against any form of hazing or annoying a fellow cadet.

By the bursting of a dam at Thompsonville, Mich., two brothers named Crandall were drowned.

The United States will adhere to its policy of peaceful measures in China, and intends using every means of averting the proposed hostile action.

A bill providing for the use of electricity in legal executions was defeated in the Indiana legislature.

William Hamilton killed Mrs. H. M. Wilson, a young widow, near Atlanta, Ga., and then killed himself. Jealousy was the cause.

The present congress has thus far passed appropriations amounting to \$694,118,595.

Secretary Gage issued a letter explaining the position of the treasury department in placing countervailing duty on sugar imported into the United States from Russia.

Isham and Henry Fed, negroes, were shot to death by a mob six miles from Macon, Ga. They were charged with burning a barn.

The new steel combine will issue \$300,000,000 bonds in addition to its \$800,000,000 capitalization.

A class of 73 cadets was graduated from West Point and will soon go into active service.

Four firemen, including a captain, were killed and one fatally injured in a fire at New Haven, Conn.

Fred King, a negro charged with a murderous assault upon Miss Elsie Arnold, the daughter of a prominent physician, was lynched by a mob at Dyersburg, Tenn.

Mrs. Carrie Nation was placed under bonds in \$2,000 to keep the peace, refused to pay and was sent to jail in Topeka.

Charles E. Bent, aged 25 years, fatally shot his wife and then killed himself in St. Louis. Jealousy caused the crime.

The building of the Milwaukee (Wis.) Herold and the entire plant was destroyed by fire.

Three men were killed in a collision of freight trains on the New York Central railroad at Akin, N. Y.

Masked farmers raided a saloon at Millwood, Kan., and killed the wife of John Hudson, the saloon keeper.

Desecration of the American flag by advertisers has been brought to the attention of the national house judiciary committee.

Maj. Gen. Otis has issued an order for recruits to the Twenty-ninth regular infantry for service in Manila.

Silk thread manufacturers of the United States are said to have consolidated with \$112,000,000 capital.

Internal Revenue Commissioner Yerkes has decided that shipments and sales of domestic liquors as imported goods are illegal.

James Callahan arrested in Omaha on the charge of complicity in the abduction of Edward A. Cudahy, Jr., was identified by the boy.

James H. Tettaton was hanged at Kennett, Mo., for the murder of his stepmother, Mrs. Jane Tettaton, and her four children, on April 25, 1899.

President and Mrs. McKinley gave an official dinner in honor of the supreme court.

"Dr." Dowie defies the state legislature to investigate Zion City bank in Chicago.

Peter Berryman (colored) was lynched by a mob at Mena, Ark., for an assault on a 12-year-old girl.

A six-year-old girl at Stephenson, Mich., killed her baby sister.

Andrew Carnegie has given \$50,000 to the school board of Marion, Ind., for a library.

The new state normal school building at Duluth, Minn., was destroyed by fire.

George B. Harris has been elected to the presidency of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road, to succeed C. E. Perkins, resigned.

J. G. A. Leishman, United States minister to Switzerland, has been transferred to Turkey.

A. M. Hartle died at Marseilles, O., and shortly after the funeral his widow, who was prostrated by grief, died.

Judge Dale, of Wichita, Kan., held Mrs. Carrie Nation and other women for trial for malicious destruction of property.

Capt. Robley D. Evans, of the navy, was presented with a jeweled sword by the chamber of commerce of Des Moines, Ia.

John Hoefer and his wife died of starvation in Milwaukee, Wis.

The Delaware legislature passed a bill providing a penalty of death or imprisonment for life at the discretion of the court for kidnapping.

The business portion of Woodruff, Wis., was wiped out by fire.

A bill classifying saloons as public nuisances was passed by the Kansas legislature.

The nomination of W. R. Shafter for major general was sent to the senate by the president.

Frank H. Hamilton, accused of murdering Leonard H. Day in Minneapolis November 25 last, was found guilty of manslaughter in the first degree.

Arthur Hyer, a young farmer, robbed a bank at Fisher, Ill., but was soon caught.

Sioux Indians complain of injustice and serious trouble may occur unless the government deals promptly with the situation.

Imitators of Carrie Nation smashed windows in three Chicago saloons.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 21st aggregated \$2,224,871,210, against \$2,056,829,181 the previous week. The increase compared with the corresponding week of 1900 was 60.0.

There were 219 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 21st, against 237 the week previous and 220 the corresponding period of 1900.

Mrs. Carrie Nation will remain in Topeka and become the editor of the Smashers' Mail.

Gen. Otis has assumed charge of the department of the Dakotas.

Ten persons were killed and 25 injured in a railway disaster near Bordentown, N. J.

Fire in the wholesale business district in Atlanta, Ga., caused a loss of \$500,000.

Thomas Vital, a negro, who criminally assaulted Nora, the 12-year-old daughter of Estevie Miller, was lynched by a mob near Fenton, La.

Salvatore di Giovanni, prominent in Italian circles, was ambushed and killed in an alley in Chicago.

The Cuban charter has been signed by all the delegates to the convention except ex-President Cisneros.

The Citizens' bank at Lacygne, Kan., closed its doors.

Hugo C. Schultz, banished from Germany for criticizing Bismarck, died in poverty in Chicago.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Rev. John Nalle, of Trappe, Pa., celebrated the one hundredth anniversary of his birth.

Thomas Robinson died at Rock Falls, Ill., aged 100 years and one month.

Miss Clara E. Longworth, of Cincinnati, O., was married to Count Adelbert de Chambrun, of France.

J. E. Gorman, mayor of Kenosha, Wis., was married to Miss Maria Rosa Moeller after a courtship of 20 years.

Ex-United States Senator Stephen M. White died at his residence in Los Angeles, Cal., aged 48 years.

Dr. Mayo G. Smith, the companion of Mark Twain and the inspiration of the novelist's doctor in "Innocents Abroad," died at Colorado Springs, Col., aged 85 years.

FOREIGN.

A dispatch says the German forces have started on an expedition against the Chinese without advising the allies.

In a collision at sea the British steamer Homer foundered, with the loss of 16 lives.

The Thirtieth volunteer infantry has sailed from Manila for San Francisco.

Six persons of prominence were arrested in the Philippines on charges of having aided the insurgents.

A Peking dispatch says that the dowager empress is ready to comply with all the demands of the powers. The United States has instructed Minister Conger to protest against the proposed German expedition in China.

Prolongation of the Boer war may result in the overthrow of the Salisbury cabinet.

American and European financiers are said to have formed a combine to control China's trade.

Pope Leo has been on the pontifical throne 24 years.

A convention to frame a new constitution for Venezuela met at Caracas.

The dowager empress of China has yielded to the demand of the powers and Waldersee's proposed expedition will be abandoned.

The Russian minister of finance says the new duties against American products are those provided by treaty, but are higher than the ones heretofore granted.

Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, is said to have abdicated in favor of his son, Don Jaime.

Gen. Dewet escaped from his pursuers in Cape Colony. Not one of the six columns assigned to "hem him in" were able to do so.

A hospital at Tokyo, B. C., was destroyed by fire and 21 of the patients were burned to death.

IT'S A TERRIBLE STORY.

The Estimated Loss of Life by the Foundering of the Steamship City of Rio Janeiro.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-TWO MISSING

Not a Member of Consul Wildman's Family Saved—Lists of the Lost and Saved Passengers and Crew—A Number Remained at Honolulu on Lay-Over Tickets.

San Francisco, Feb. 23.—The sinking of the Pacific Mail steamer City of Rio de Janeiro, after striking a rock in the Golden Gate during the dense fog, Friday morning, was the most appalling disaster this coast has known for many years. Most of the bodies of the 120 and more victims are at the bottom of the sea, and many of them may never be recovered. The water where the ship lies is deep and the current swift, and the dead, with most of the wreckage, will probably be carried far out into the Pacific. The number of lives lost may never be known exactly, owing to the fact that the ship's records were lost, and it is practically impossible to tell just how many Chinese were in the Asiatic steamer.

The Call, basing its figures on statements of the Pacific Mail officials, says that 122 persons perished, the Chronicle gives the number at 128 and the Examiner states that 111 can not be accounted for. The vessel, with its valuable cargo, will be a total loss. Much difficulty has been experienced in obtaining the names of the passengers and crew, but the following lists of those known to have been drowned and those saved are believed to be accurate:

The Dead Passengers.

Rounseville Wildman, United States consul general at Hong Kong.

Mrs. Rounseville Wildman, wife of the consul.

Rounseville Wildman, Jr., son of the consul.

Dorothy Wildman, daughter of the consul.

Miss Kate Reidy, of San Francisco, governess of Wildman children.

Mrs. Sarah W. Wakefield, of Oakland.

Miss Naomi Wakefield, daughter of Mrs. Wakefield.

Miss Rowena Jehu, of Alameda.

Alfred Hart, jeweler, of Manila, formerly of San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Mrs. Alfred Hart.

Wm. A. Hen-Hall, attorney, of Honolulu.

Harry Guyon, painter, of Petaluma.

Dr. Wm. E. Dodd, oculist, Butte, Mont.

Angelo Gussoni, foreman Lowry sugar plantation, Kauai.

Charles Dowdall, barrister, of Shanghai.

Charles Dowdall, barrister, of Shanghai, with family, residing in Santa Barbara.

Wm. McPhee, of San Francisco, who was on his way home from Honolulu.

W. A. Woodworth, of Denver.

Mrs. W. A. Woodworth, of Denver.

H. C. Matheson, of Yokohama.

H. F. Seymour, editor of the American, Manila.

Dr. Onkawara, a Japanese physician from Honolulu.

Mrs. Onkawara, wife of the doctor.

Japanese servant of Mrs. Onkawara, name unknown.

Leong Chung, well-to-do Chinese student.

Charles J. A. Cox, steamer passenger from Honolulu.

Mr. Oda, Japanese merchant from Honolulu.

Mr. Sakuri, Japanese merchant from Honolulu.

Mr. and Mrs. Takata, Honolulu.

F. Sito, Japanese from Yokohama.

Mrs. Dika Hamasake, Yokohama.

Miss Hikiaseki, Japanese from Yokohama.

Miss M. Hamasaki, Yokohama.

S. Taumuro, Japanese from Kobe.

The number of Chinese passengers lost is variously estimated at from 24 to 43.

Officers and Crew Lost.

Capt. W. Ward, of San Francisco.

J. C. Johnson, first officer, a Russian Finn, of San Francisco.

John Rooney, purser, resident of Ocean View.

R. T. MacCoun, first assistant engineer, San Francisco.

T. H. Brady, second assistant engineer, San Francisco.

W. A. Munro, third assistant engineer, San Francisco.

Harry A. Scott, steward, San Francisco.

Mrs. J. L. Dormann, stewardess, San Francisco.

D. A. Carvin, quartermaster, lived on steamer.

Edward Barwick, butcher, San Francisco.

A. Malcolm, saloon watchman, lived on steamer.

John A. McArthur, steamer watchman, veteran G. A. R.; San Francisco.

J. H. Smith, water tender, San Francisco.

H. M. Lewis, water tender.

Fred D. Greenway, oiler.

Walter Smith, oiler.

The steamship company estimates that of the Chinese members of the crew 36 were drowned.

The Saved Passengers.

James K. Carpenter, mining engineer of Oakland.

Russell Harper, newspaperman of Nagasaki.

R. H. Long, produce shipper of Petaluma.

Capt. Max Hecht, German army officer.

Wm. Brander, London, stock exchange broker.

Miss Frances Ripley, seamstress, San Francisco.

Robert Holtz, German merchant, Shanghai.

Mlle. Gabrielle Lehrin, French maid, of San Francisco.

Mrs. Kate West, Red Cross nurse, San Francisco.

Wm. Caspar, fireman on sick leave from the transport Lawton.

E. C. Howell, ex-soldier from Hong Kong, homeward bound.

J. Wada, Japanese professor from Honolulu.

Fifteen Chinese passengers were saved as far as any record can be obtained.

Officers and Crew Saved.

Capt. Fred Jordan, pilot, San Francisco.

C. T. Holland, third officer.

Fred Lindstrum, quartermaster.

G. J. Englehardt, freight clerk, San Francisco.

F. M. Borg, storekeeper, San Francisco.

Frank Cramp, ship carpenter.

F. Matthews, quartermaster.

Graham Coughlan, second officer.

Harry Donahue, steamer steward, San Francisco.

S. H. Herlihy, chief engineer, San Francisco.

Dr. Arthur O'Neill, ship's surgeon, San Francisco.

James Russell, watchman.

N. H. Lane, water tender.

Forty-one of the Chinese crew, it is believed, escaped with their lives.

The following passengers who started on the City of Rio de Janeiro from various Asiatic points left the steamer at Honolulu on stop-over tickets.

H. S. Oleott, from Yokohama.

Mr. Heiska, from Shanghai.

Edward Secretan, from Shanghai.

W. W. Castle and wife, from Hong Kong.

W. Close, from Hong Kong.

Mrs. C. E. McIntosh, from Hong Kong.

L. Horn, from Shanghai.

Bodies of Eleven Victims.

The bodies of 11 victims of the disaster lie at the morgue. Only seven of them have been identified. The identified remains are those of:

Mrs. Sarah W. Wakefield, aged 50, a native of New York, widow of the late S. B. Wakefield, residing in Oakland.

Mrs. Alfred Hart, of Manila, formerly of Los Angeles, and wife of Alfred Hart, who was also lost in the wreck.

Charles Dowdall, a barrister, of Shanghai.

Edward Barwick, a German, 45 years old, butcher on the Rio; San Francisco.

Angelo Gussoni, identified as an employee on a sugar plantation at Spreckelsville, H. I.

Mrs. Julia Dohman, aged 55, stewardess on the Rio.

A Japanese, identified as the engineer's mess boy, name unknown.

The other four bodies are those of unidentified Chinese.

No attempt has been made to place the blame for the disaster, but the Pacific Mail company's officials state that the pilot was subject to the orders of Capt. Ward, who went down with the vessel.

THEIR HOMEWARD JOURNEY.

Most of Strathcona's Horse Embark on the Steamship Numidian for Home.

London, Feb. 23.—Most of the members of the Strathcona Horse, which arrived here from South Africa, last week, left London and later embarked at Liverpool, upon the British steamer Numidian for their homeward journey. The troops were played to the station by a band of pipers of the Scots Guards. The large crowds which witnessed their departure and the rousing cheers which followed them showed the popularity of the Canadians. The color presented by the king was carried by a subaltern. Lord Strathcona and many other distinguished people were present at the station to bid the troops farewell. About 100 of the Canadians will remain in London for the transaction of private business.

The lord mayor of Liverpool entertained the troops at the Town Hall with a reception and luncheon.

THE AUTOMATIC LET GO.

A St. Louis Department Store Flooded by the Bursting of the Automatic Sprinkler.

St. Louis, Feb. 23.—The bursting of an automatic sprinkling pipe on the fourth floor of the Schaper Bros. department store, Friday afternoon resulted in a flooding of the stock, from roof to basement. The damage is estimated by Assistant Fire Chief Evans at \$20,000. The 100 shop girls employed at the place were almost panic-stricken, and some difficulty was experienced in getting the assembled customers out of the store without accident.

Value of Anti-Toxine.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—Forty-five hundred lives have been saved in this city in the last five years by the use of anti-toxine treatment in diphtheria cases, according to the estimate of the department of health, in a bulletin just issued.

A Dead Pioneer.

Santa Cruz, Cal., Feb. 23.—Dr. Price B. Fagan, a pioneer of this state, is dead. Dr. Fagan laid out the sight of the city of Des Moines, Ia., in 1846.

Deceased was a native of Iowa, and 62 years of age.

THANKFUL TO MRS. PINKHAM

Letters Proving Positively that there is No Medicine for Woman's Ills Equal to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



MRS. ANNIE THOMPSON

"I cannot say enough in regard to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has done me more good than all the doctors. I have been troubled with female weakness in its worst form for about ten years. I had leucorrhoea and was so weak that I could not do my housework. I also had falling of the womb and inflammation of the womb and ovaries, and at menstrual periods I suffered terribly. At times my back would ache very hard. I could not lift anything or do any heavy work; was not able to stand on my feet long at a time. My husband spent hundreds of dollars for doctors but they did me no good. My husband's sister wrote what the Vegetable Compound had done for her, and wanted me to try it, but I did not then think it would do me any good. After a time, I concluded to try it, and I can truly say it does all that is claimed for it. Ten bottles of the Vegetable Compound and seven packages of Sanative Wash have made a new woman of me

Inauguration Day

March 4, 1901, Will Be a Great Day in the History of Washington.

How President McKinley Will Take the Oath of Office. Vice-President Roosevelt's Reception by the Senate. Grand Parade and Gorgeous Inaugural Ball.

ALTHOUGH the people of Washington have no part in the election of a president and vice president, they have a large part in the ceremony of inaugurating them. For this reason the subject of the second inauguration of President William McKinley has excited the greatest interest there ever since last November. Work of preparing and arranging the inaugural ceremonies and parade is given entirely in the hands of a committee of citizens of the district.

The fund to defray the expenses of the inauguration parades, decorations, etc., is raised by subscription among citizens of Washington, with the understanding that it is to be



Just In from the Country.

refunded from the receipts of the inaugural ball. Everything, so far as ceremonies, parades and fireworks go, is free except the ball. Tickets for this function cost five dollars each and there are no deadheads or invited guests outside the presidential party. Even the committeemen buy their tickets.

Congress pays the expense of erecting the stand in front of the capitol, on which the president takes the oath of office, and also the expenses incurred for the ceremonies

the constitution as inauguration day is erroneous, and any congress could decree a change to April 30. And so long as the public seems to desire a public show whenever a new president assumes office, such a change would do away with considerable exposure and subsequent illness.

CROWDS OF SIGHTSEERS.

They Come from Everywhere to Satisfy Patriotic Curiosity.

Conservative estimates place the number of people who will witness the inauguration of President McKinley and gaze upon the great inaugural parade at 500,000. All Washington will be on hand to lend cheers, and 200,000 visitors will yell themselves hoarse. In short, Monday, March 4, 1901, promises to be a real red letter day in the history of the national capitol; for no inauguration in the history of the republic has attracted so much popular attention as that of the Ohio statesman who, at noon of that day, will become the executive head of the nation for another term of four years. Compared with the coronation exercises of European monarchs, our inauguration ceremonies are a trifle flat.

Uncle Sam furnishes the dramatic personae for the inauguration show, but when it comes to pay for the staging, he is, to use a slang phrase, "not in it." The expense, as has already been stated, is borne by the business men of Washington, who, months prior to inauguration day, raise a large guarantee fund to defray the cost of the grand pageant on Pennsylvania avenue, relying for reimbursement on the thousands of visitors who usually remain in the city for several days and spend millions of dollars to satisfy their patriotic curiosity. As the raising of inauguration funds has never proved a very difficult task, it is to be presumed that the merchants and hotel keepers realize a handsome profit on their investment.

THE NATIONAL CAPITOL.

Only the Favored Few Can Gain Admission on March 4.

Visitors who expect to enter the capitol building on March 4, to witness the demise of the Fifty-sixth congress, will be disappointed, unless

mission be less stringent such unwieldy crowds would throng the lobbies that the completion of public business and the maintenance of dignity and order would be out of the question.

IN THE SENATE WING.

It Will Attract Most of the Distinguished Visitors.

Although the house of representatives remains in session until noon on March 4, when it adjourns sine die, nobody can be seen in the house wing of the capitol except the representatives and the regular employees of the house. All interest centers in the senate, because the ceremonies preceding and leading up to the inauguration are held in the senate chamber. Although the senate prac-

and announces: "The senate is adjourned sine die." This ends the ceremony, unless a special session of the senate has been called by the retiring president, as was the case eight years ago. Should the same thing be done this year, Vice President Roosevelt would assume the gavel, after Senator Frye's retirement, rap once and announce: "The senate will be in order." He would then state: "The senators-elect for the Fifty-seventh congress will come forward and receive the oath of office." Immediately thereafter one-third of the members of the senate, who have been reelected, or men who have been elected to take the place of those whose terms have expired, would approach the vice president and from him receive the oath of office. Adjournment would then be had. After adjournment the senators and all the



President McKinley Taking the Oath of Office.

tically concludes all of the business before it by 11 o'clock on the 4th of March, it is required to be in session and actively at work until the hour of noon, when the terms of many of the senators expire. President McKinley sits in the magnificent room set apart for the chief magistrate—known as the "president's room"—either approving or rejecting such bills as may be brought to him for his signature, for any bill which fails to receive the signature of the president before noon of March 4, although it may have passed both houses of congress, cannot become a law. There would not be sufficient time for bills to be sent from the capitol to the white house for the approval of the president, and have them returned to the senate in time, and, therefore, in conformity with usage, President McKinley will be on hand in the president's room by 11 o'clock, in order to complete such legislation as may be of great national importance.

THE TWO STAR ACTORS.

Will Be Received by the Senate in Due and Ancient Form.

While the senate and house are in early session, concluding their labors, President McKinley and his escort will pass down Pennsylvania avenue from the white house to the capitol, and thousands of people on the sidewalks will witness this preliminary parade. Meantime the privileged few are thronging the galleries and crowding the corridors of the senate. The members of the diplomatic corps, consisting of the representatives of all nations, many of them in gorgeous costumes, are assigned seats on the right-hand side of the senate chamber, all of the senators having massed themselves on the left of the vice president. Seats are also assigned to the chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court; to the speaker and members of the house of representatives; to distinguished guests, and to all persons who are authorized to have the privilege of the floor of the senate, either by reason of past services or because they have received the thanks of congress for some service of merit. Shortly before noon by the senate clock President McKinley leaves the president's room and enters the main door of the senate chamber. The doorkeeper appears in the main aisle, addresses the vice president pro tem, and announces: "The president and president-elect of the United States." President McKinley walks down the aisle and takes a seat directly in front of the acting vice president. When the senate clock points to noon Vice President Roosevelt enters the chamber and ascends the steps to the vice president's platform.

THE VICE PRESIDENT.

President Pro Tem, Frye Will Administer Oath to Mr. Roosevelt.

The ceremonies attending the introduction of the vice president into his office are very simple. When Mr. Roosevelt has ascended the platform Senator Frye, temporary president of the senate, reaches forth his right hand to greet the vice president elect, and then administers to him the oath of office. After having performed this act he assumes the gavel, raps once

occupants of the senate chamber and the galleries move out in regular order, and proceed to the east front of the capitol. As they emerge from the great bronze doors, from the rotunda, they step upon a platform which has been built over the magnificent marble steps, extending nearly 200 feet upon the grand plaza.

TAKING HIS SECOND OATH.

The Most Impressive and Dignified Event of the Day.

And then occurs the great event of the day. Clear out into the front, and facing the vast multitude of loyal spectators, President William McKinley goes with the chief justice of the United States, and there, in the presence of the representatives of the American people, receives the oath of his exalted office. The oath having been administered, President McKinley proceeds to deliver his inaugural address, and the United States of America has an official head for another term of four years. Simple as the ceremony is, it thrills the thousands who witness it, for they know that in no country but ours is a change of administration attended with less friction. While the ceremony is, as has been said, extremely simple, it has never failed to impress foreigners, who have readily admitted, time and again, that in genuine impressiveness it surpasses the gorgeous ceremonials of royal and imperial coronations, because it enlists the sympathy of the common people instead of pointing out social inequalities and fostering class prejudices. "You have no flow of wines," remarked a noted foreigner, who witnessed the inauguration of President McKinley four years ago, "but the milk of human kindness pours, if I may use the expression, from the hearts of your officials and from the great hearts of your people. Such simplicity is synonymous with loyalty, patriotism and Christianity."

AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

After the Review President McKinley Takes Formal Possession.

Immediately after the president has delivered his inaugural address he en-



The Grand Parade.

ters a carriage and rides up Pennsylvania avenue, in advance of the great procession, and takes his place on a stand in front of the white house,

where he reviews the gorgeous procession as it passes before him. Four years ago ex-President Cleveland occupied a chair on the right of President McKinley, who stands for three or four hours in full view of the passing civil and military organizations. As the various bands of music pass the north front of the treasury building they cease their music; but when, a few moments later, they come within about 50 yards of the reviewing stand they strike up "Hail to the Chief." The color bearers dip their flags, as they pass the president, and the men in the ranks of the civic organizations give vent to cheers. The military march past silently, all the while keeping "eyes front" as they pass in review before the commander in chief of the army and navy. When the last organization has passed, President McKinley enters the white house and once more takes possession of the mansion which will be his home for another four years.

THE GREAT PARADE.

Most Potent Attraction of the Inauguration Ceremonies.

To the average visitor the grand parade is the most potent attraction of the inauguration ceremonies. It is estimated that 60,000 men will march down Pennsylvania avenue on March 4. The commander of this great procession has decided to start the parade immediately on the conclusion of the inauguration ceremony proper. The parade will be dismissed at Washington circle, instead of the white house, as formerly, and the commander expects that the procession will be able to pass at the rate of 12,000 an hour. Twenty-four files of foot will march in close column, and there will be no change in formation en route. The first division will be divided into three brigades, the first composed of regular United States troops and the national guard of the District of Columbia; the second of the national guard of Pennsylvania, and the third of the national guards of other states, headed by their governors and their staffs, their places in line being assigned as follows: Delaware, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Georgia, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Maryland, South Carolina, New Hampshire, Virginia, New York, North Carolina, Rhode Island, Vermont, Kentucky, Tennessee, Ohio, Louisiana, Indiana, Mississippi, Illinois, Alabama, Maine, Missouri, Arkansas, Michigan, Florida, Texas, Iowa, Wisconsin, California, Minnesota, Oregon, Kansas, West Virginia, Nevada, Nebraska, Colorado, North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, Washington, Idaho, Wyoming and Utah. This assignment is based on the date of the adoption of the constitution by the original 13 states and with reference to the admission of the others to the union.

PATRIOTIC DECORATIONS.

Pennsylvania Avenue to Be a Mass of Flags and Bunting.

The decorations on Pennsylvania avenue will be quite artistic, and no reviewing stands will be erected where

in passing, a good chance to see it will cost about five cents a minute. One thousand clerks of the treasury department have bought seats on one stand at \$1.50 each. About \$20,000 will be spent on the court of honor and the four reviewing stands in Pennsylvania avenue. The presidential box on his reviewing stand will be inclosed with glass. Thirty-eight columns will be erected in the white house grounds, following the line of the semi-circular driveway in from the Pennsylvania avenue gates. The reviewing stands will be built and conducted by the inauguration committee.

THE INAUGURAL BALL.

Only Function for Which Admission Fee Is Charged.

As in years gone by inauguration day will close with a grand ball which, as far as display goes, will be incomparable, although "society" may refuse to look upon it as a real "function." Any respectable citizen who is willing to spend ten dollars for tickets can take part in the ball with his wife or sweetheart. It is estimated that 10,000 tickets will be sold this year. New gowns to be worn on this occasion, carriage hire, flowers, etc., will cause an expenditure of at least \$1,500,000, so that this ball will be the most expensive



At the Inaugural Ball.

sive and elaborate social display of the decade. The ball will be held in the court of the pension office building. President and Mrs. McKinley will occupy the three rooms of the commissioner of pensions on the second floor, and the vice president and diplomatic corps adjoining apartments. The supper rooms will occupy the entire north side of the building. The dressing rooms will be provided with every necessity of the toilet, and 12,000 hat and cloak boxes will be in charge of a number of employees from the Washington post office. All these details have been suggested by the chairman of the committee on the inauguration reception. Among the distinguished guests at the ball will be the gentle-



President William McKinley

In the senate chamber and the congressional committees, but all other money required is advanced by citizens of the district, and it is a good investment, for it not only brings crowds to Washington to spend their money here, but the subscriptions have always been paid back in full and a surplus has been left over.

INAUGURATION DAY.

Congress Could Change Its Date by a Simple Resolution.

Every four years objections are made that March 4 is usually too inclement to make the outdoor inaugural display a complete success. It is not generally known that the fathers of the republic intended April 30 to be the day of inauguration, but the congress of the confederation in 1788 fixed upon a given Wednesday for the next inauguration, and that day being the 4th of March, each succeeding candidate has gone into office on the subsequent quadrennial anniversary. The popular impression that March 4 is established by

they should be able to secure cards of admission signed by the sergeant-at-arms of the United States senate. Every door of the great building will be guarded by members of the capitol police force, each one of whom has positive orders to prevent the admission of anyone not properly certified as authorized to enter. Members of the senate and house of representatives are given a certain number of cards of admission for themselves, their families and their friends; and each representative of a prominent newspaper, who has the privilege of the press galleries, is given a special card of admission for himself and a woman writer whom he may desire to have there as his assistant to describe the appearance and costumes of the distinguished ladies who may be present. Add to these the members of the diplomatic corps, the justices of the supreme court and the cabinet officers and their families, and you have a complete list of the occupants of the capitol on March 4. Should the regulations governing ad-



Vice-President Theodore Roosevelt.

they might mar the appearance of the thoroughfare and imperil the lives of spectators. In former years stands were erected wherever fancy or greed dictated, and parts of the avenue looked like the main street of a country village on circus day. This year stands will not only be less numerous, but they will be neatly decorated and placed in nooks where they cannot offend the eye. Arches are erected all along the avenue in honor of the visiting governors, and these the various state delegations will be asked to decorate and illuminate. The details of the decorations have been carefully supervised by the committee on decorations and public comfort, to insure good taste and harmony in the massing of color.

Prices for seats from which to see the parade on inauguration day will not be within the reach of all. The best seats on the reviewing stands will cost just as much as tickets to the inaugural ball—\$5 each. There will be some at \$4 each, others at \$3, \$2.50 and \$2 and a large number at \$1.50. On an average, if the parade is an hour

men composing the president's cabinet and their wives and daughters.

BALLS IN THE PAST.

First One Was Given in Honor of President Madison.

The music for the ball will be furnished by hundreds of musicians. The president and his wife will visit the scene and hold a reception, though the days have gone by when the chief magistrate and the first lady of the land were expected to lead the cotillon. Balls have been the regular thing ever since James Madison was inducted into office, except for the fact that Franklin Pierce was passed by because nobody cared to get up a ball for him, and Rutherford B. Hayes was similarly omitted from the list of presidents danced into office because he did not establish his title until so short a time before that there was no opportunity to make the necessary preparations, and in fact no one knew for awhile whether he could be inaugurated without the assistance of balls of a more solid character than those now held in the pension office.

The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.
WALTER WALKER, Manager.

ONE DOLLAR

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

We are authorized to announce

M. F. FOGUE

as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Representative of Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next general assembly, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce

A. J. BENNETT,

a candidate to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce

J. A. GRAVES

a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Representative of Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce

P. C. STEPHENS

a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Representative of Crittenden and Livingston counties, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce

JNO. T. FRANKS,

a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff of Crittenden County, subject to the action of the Republican party.

The Press feels that the interest of our city is safe in the hands of the mayor and the gentlemen who constitute the council. They are conservative business men, whose records as such entitle them to the confidence of the public, and we do not believe they will take any steps that will jeopardize the interests of the town. With this view of it, the only suggestion we have to offer is that we do not believe the town is large enough just yet to maintain both waterworks and electric lights. It is a safe plan to live within one's income, and standing upon this sound economic basis, one of the measures must be dropped for the present. When it comes to a choice between the two, the Press prefers the lights. If the council can make equitable terms for electric lights we believe a movement of this kind would meet public approval and subserve the material interests of the community.

"Two hundred Pennsylvania Democrats," says an exchange, held a love feast in Philadelphia the other day, and talked about the unification of the Democratic party. Letters from Cleveland, Hill, Hoke Smith and others were read, telling how we will and ought to charge the enemy in solid phalanx next time. This sounds very well but we happen to know that there never were two hundred genuine Democrats in the whole State of Pennsylvania.

The amount of our railroad indebtedness is getting beautifully less every year, our school bonds are disappearing one by one, and the county bonds will soon have been swept before the onward rush of that mighty agent, yepest "cash." If the smallpox will keep his per-y self away, we will soon be out of debt, and every man, woman and child in the county will have a pocket full of—of—of—spar.

The Democrats in the Legislative district composed of Hickman and Fulton counties are in a tangle over the nominee for representative. Two men claim the honor. We are not advised as to the merits of their respective claims, but it occurs to us that this is a pretty good year for every aspirant to these honors to see to it that his title is perfectly clear before asserting any claim thereto.

Think of it—the first of March and no mud in the county. Many strange things have happened but none of them are so startling as this innovation. Hope the new style has come to stay.

Old man Nation doesn't seem to be of a jealous disposition—he has seen the "arm of the law" thrown around his old lady without making any fuss about it.

Congress goes upon the idea that where much is given much is required—hence when a big pile of revenue is heaped up, a broad swathe of extravagance is cut.

Mrs. Nation's career in Kansas and the bloodshed resulting therefrom, will serve to emphasize the fact that even the wrong thing ought to be fought in the right way.

The American manufacturers undersell the foreigner in his own market, but the foreigner is not permitted to try his hand keeping the prices down to a common sense level in America; hence the trust.

The absence of our mining news department for two weeks must not be construed to mean that interest in our camps is waning. Not in the least. Our mining reporter has been so hot upon the trail of a zinc vein that we were unable to call him off, and get him to the surface where the common, every day avocations are followed.

We like to think of the Marion with the steady glow of a strong electric light, and the swish of pure running water on every corner. It's a downright pleasure to contemplate these things, but somehow they get tangled up with a tax about the size of \$1.00 or \$1.50, or \$2.00 and we get that tired feeling, with a dark-brown taste in its mouth, adorned with a vest that needs pulling down, or a whiskerless chin that needs wiping off.

Court News.

Mrs. Beulah White-Miles has filed a suit asking for a division of the lands of her father's estate.

Lydia M. Johnson sues E. U. Easley and others, asking for sale of the Easley farm on Piney and division of proceeds.

Mrs. Albertine Heath asks to be divorced from her husband, Chas. C. Heath. She charges that he has abandoned her. They were married in 1897.

Mrs. Sallie C. Davenport has filed a petition praying for a divorce from her husband, Andrew Davenport. She alleges that the defendant treated her in such a cruel manner that she was forced to leave her home.

W. D. Baird has sued A. H. Cardin for \$400. He seeks for a judgment for this amount as commission on sale of the tobacco stemmery.

The I. C. Tax.

The railroad commissioner has assessed the I. C. railroad at the rate of \$9,000 per mile for taxation in this county. The report to the county clerk shows 22½ miles of road in the county. The road is also assessed at \$2000 on other property, and for school tax the assessment is as follows: District No. 4—3.11 miles; No. 21—2.15 miles; No. 27—3.34 miles; No. 29—2.45 miles; No. 36—3.59 miles; No. 58—1.74 miles; No. 60 1.36 miles; No. 62—2.79 miles; No. 67—1.64 miles.

Bonds Paid.

The first of the year Mr. R. W. Wilson, treasurer of the board of sinking fund for Marion precinct, paid off and canceled eight of the precinct railroad bonds. There is still outstanding \$11,100 of the bonds. Another \$1,000 will be paid out of the levy now due.

Marriage License.

T. E. Beard to Susie Bell Lofton.

Ador B. Gass to Mary J. Ratcliff.

J. Rustin and Lizzie Blansett.

Oscar Woolall and Mrs Ida Hillyard.

THE MEDAL WINNERS.

Oratorical Contest Friday Night
a Delightful Affair.

ATTENDED BY A LARGE AUDIENCE.

The fourth annual oratorical contest of Marion Graded School was held at the opera house Friday evening, Feb. 22. As is always the case at these contests, the house was packed with people who gathered with rare zest and great enthusiasm to witness the friendly bout between the five students who had been chosen to contend for the honors as well as the handsome medals.

The stage was tastily decorated with the national colors, and at 8 o'clock promptly Prof. Evans and the five contestants appeared,



HICKMAN WALKER,
AWARDED FIRST MEDAL.

and were greeted with enthusiastic cheers. Prof. Evans spoke briefly, explaining the nature of the forensic battle; he told how these annual battles had grown in interest, and aroused the school, until the occasion had grown to be a great event in the scholastic career. He said that he was proud of the fact that those who had won honors here had been heard from in contests of a similar nature in other and more pretentious institutions. He said the contests were held not only for the purpose of cultivating the art of speech, but to honor the day when the great American was born and to perpetuate the spirit of patriotism.



MISS CARRIE MOORE,
AWARDED SECOND MEDAL.

After these remarks Prof Evans announced that the Judges were all non-residents of Marion, and were unacquainted with the contestants. The programme was then announced as follows:

Invocation—Rev Joiner. Song. Oration—When Did We Become a World Power?

R. H. Walker.
Oration—Watchman, What of the Night? R. H. Haynes.

Song.
Oration—What Has Helped Most? J. E. Travis.

Oration—Concord Field. Carrie Moore.
Song.

Oration—Victoria, the Good. Sadie Rankin.
Song.

At the close of the programme the Judges were asked to retire and make their decision, and as they arose the audience for the first time saw that Messrs. Henry Dunnovan, of Morganfield, Henry Clark and D. C. Roberts, of Chicago, Dr. Cosby, of Dixon, and Mr. L. C. Casperke, of Louisville,

were the Judges. After a brief consultation the Judges appeared upon the stage and Mr. Clark, as spokesman, in a timely address, awarded the first medal to Mr. Hickman Walker, and the second to Miss Carrie Moore.

The young speakers all covered themselves with honor and were congratulated on all sides.

The singing by the little girls was one of the charming features of the evening.

This is the fourth contest; those who have won the medals in former contests are: First medal, Albert Crider, Bettie Bigham and Julius Fols. Second medal, Miss Dedie Clement, Everett Butler and Rosa Schwab.

The fact that an admission fee was charged apparently kept no one away, for the audience was one of the largest that ever gathered in the opera house.

A great many visitors were in the city to attend the contest, among whom were many former students of the school.

A REVOLVER

Recklessly Used by Drunken Men
On the Highway.

Saturday afternoon two young men came to the city from Livingston county, exchanged some wheat for flour at the mill, bought a quart of whiskey and late in the afternoon started for home, going out the Salem road. They were talking noisily and shouting, thus attracting the attention of the people residing on the Salem road. As they neared Mrs Sherman Clark's farm Mrs Clark, hearing the loud talking opened the door and looked out. One of the men drew a revolver and began firing in the direction of Mrs Clark, and after he and his companion had passed turned and fired several times at the house. The men were doubtless drunk. Their identity is unknown.

End of the Ware Shooting Case.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Feb. 26.—Circuit Judge Cook this morning dismissed the order entered at the last term of court for the charge against James Dudley Ware for shooting Rev. Dr. Piner to be resubmitted to the grand jury, and Ware's bondsmen were released from further responsibility.

New Bank for Sturgis.

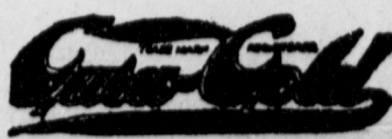
Sturgis, Ky., Feb. 26.—It is very likely that Sturgis will soon have another bank. Paducah and local capitalists are at the head of the new enterprise.

Closing lots of heavy weight goods at bargains; such as overcoats, pants, suits, shoes, caps, blankets, comforts, gloves, underwear. Call and see us at Bank building, Main street.

Woods & Fowler.

CALIFORNIA Via New Orleans,

in connection with the Southern Pacific Through semi-weekly Excursion Sleeping Cars, leaving Cincinnati and Louisville on I. C. R. R. fast New Orleans Special train every Monday and Friday for Los Angeles, and San Francisco without change. The special also connects New Orleans daily with express train for the Pacific Coast, and on Monday Thursdays and Saturdays with the STANSET LIMITED, of the Southern Pacific, giving special through service to San Francisco. All Round-trip Tourist Tickets to California reading via Illinois Central R. R. permit of stopover in New Orleans. Tickets and full information concerning the above can be had of agents of the "Central" and connecting lines.



Positively relieves the cough and cures the throat and lungs.

Moved Into . . . **New Quarters!**

**New Century,
New House,
New Goods!**

With all these new things

Woods & Fowler

are looking farther on into the new century and hope by fair dealing to do somebody else good besides themselves before the century closes.

We will fill this new house full, from cellar to dome with Choice Staple Goods which we will sell you at prices that will satisfy. Call and see us.

Thanking you for past favors, we remain,

YOUR FRIENDS,

Old Farmers Bank. **Woods & Fowler.**

New Firm.

**New Goods
New Styles
New Prices**

**MORSE,
PICKENS
& PIERCE.**

J. H. MORSE,
A. J. PICKENS,
J. P. PIERCE.

To the people of Crittenden and adjoining counties we wish to announce as briefly as possible that we are now opening up a stock of General Merchandise, in the corner building recently occupied by Woods & Fowler. We have spared neither time nor money in securing the best in everything. All our goods are special. Our Dress Goods, Silks, Ties and Fancy goods are not equalled this side the great cities. A look will convince you. Don't spend a dollar till you look through our goods. Ladies, see our celebrated Kabo Corsets. We will carry everything and want your trade, and by fair, honest dealing we aim to get it.

Morse, Pickens & Pierce

Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of R. N. Thomason, deceased, will present them properly proved on or before March 23d, 1901.

T. M. Thomason,
Administrator

Public Sale.

On March 5, 1901, at Shank's farm, near Fords Ferry, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, a lot of corn and hay. Corn in shuck and hay baled. Terms made known on day of sale. Sale to begin at 10 o'clock, a. m.

W. F. Hogard.
P. S. Sold in lots to suit purchasers.

Bronze Turkeys

Parties wanting Bronze Turkeys can find none better in blood or size.
Toms, young, weighing 23 to 24 lb. \$2.00
Hens..... 1.50
Trio..... 5.00

We bought the best to be found last season, paying \$18. per trio.

Turkey eggs (in season) \$2.00 per 12 eggs
Barred Plymouth Rock 1.00 per 15 eggs
Eggs..... 4.00 pr 100 eggs

MRS. W. L. KENNEDY,
LOLA, KY.

Farm for Sale.

190 acres—125 cleared—level land in good state of cultivation. Good frame house of five rooms; good stock barn, 1½ miles from Ohio river. For sale cheap and on easy terms.

"I. W. HARPER" Whiskey is a perfect distillation. It strengthens you and helps resist cold and disease. Try it. It is better than the doctor. The kind your grandfather used! Sold by S. H. Orme, Marion, Ky.

Notice.

Those indebted to me will please come and settle. I am owing quite a lot of money and am compelled to have what is due me to meet what I owe.

G. E. Boston.



**ANCHOR
YOUR FAITH
TO A
SMITH PREMIER
TYPEWRITER**

When all other writing machines fail, the Smith Premier will still be serving you well, day by day, year by year. Because the

**Smith Premier
Typewriter**

has a longer life of usefulness than any other machine. It is built right for long, hard, continuous service. Durability must be present in the Best Value Typewriter and that, emphatically, is what The Smith Premier is—the Full Value—Best Value Typewriter.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE.
The Smith Premier Typewriter Co.,
EVANSVILLE, IND.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher
WALTER WALKER, Manager.

OBITUARIES:—Not exceeding 10 lines will be published free of charge. All over 10 lines at 5 cents per line.
RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT:—\$1.00

Mr. A. Dean was in Crider yesterday.

J. P. Pierce was in Henshaw Tuesday.

S. H. Ramage was in Fredonia Tuesday.

Dr. H. F. Ray has been sick several days.

Will Clifton spent last week in Dycusburg.

Dr. Cosby, of Dixon, was in this city last week.

County Attorney Kevil was in Sturgis this week.

Prof. Blanton Boyd, of Salem, was in town Monday.

Mr. H. A. Hodge, of Louisville, was in this city last week.

Dr. Morris will be in Salem March 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th.

Willie Parish, of Dycusburg, is attending the Marion school.

The Press would like to have a good correspondent at Salem.

Notice change in Hearin's price list. Keep your eye on his prices.

Miss Dedie Clement was a guest of friends in Providence Saturday.

Mr. J. J. Fleming is feeding over 100 head of cattle on his farm.

Mr. W. T. Flanary, of this county, will move to Lola, Livingston county.

Republican candidates for the county offices are becoming numerous.

Miss Addie Boyd, of Salem was the guest of friends in this city last week.

Miss Ella Newcom, residing near Marion is very ill with typhoid fever.

All persons owing Mrs. Frances Givens are requested to call and settle at once.

James Hammonds, of Sullivan, was in town Friday to attend the oratorical contest.

Calvin Clark left Tuesday for Logan county, Ill., where he will reside this year.

The Magnet laundry headquarters is at Stone & McConnell's. Roy Gilbert, agent.

Miss Essie Bennett, of Caldwell Springs, was the guest of friends in Marion last week.

If you want your collars, cuffs and shirts to look nice, patronize the Magnet laundry.

Bob Perry went home Tuesday to have the mumps. We hope he will be disappointed.

Miss Ada Robinson, who has been teaching school at Hampton, is visiting in this city.

We are glad to note that Robert Drescher is out again, having successfully fought the grip.

Mr. W. G. Carnahan has been indisposed several days. He is unable to leave his room.

The residence of Mr. Peyton R. Hodge, of Livingston county, was destroyed by fire Sunday.

Mr. Robert Rogers and little son of Henderson were the guests of Mr. John Cochran Sunday.

2000 bushels white corn to be sold at Shanks' place on March 5, on terms to suit purchaser.

Mrs. E. M. Boaz has been quite sick with la grippe for the past week, but is now improving.

Mr. S. R. Adams, the machinist of this place, was called to Lola last week to repair some mine machinery.

Born to the wife of W. J. Myers, a fine girl.

Mr. and Mrs. Marion Henderson of Webster county, are visiting friends in this city.

The epidemic of la grippe is abating. The physicians of this city report but very little sickness.

The fellow that carried off my crowbar had better return it and save trouble. S. N. Henry.

Salem people needing dental work should see Dr. Morris, who will be in their city next week.

Miss Winnie Wilcox, who has been visiting in the country for several days, returned Monday.

Mr. Rogers and wife, of Henderson, were guests of her father, Mr. T. J. Cochran, the first of the week.

Miss Miriam Morris, of Louisville, will open a millinery establishment in this place at an early date.

Miss Allie Butler, of Livingston county, was the guest of friends in this city Friday and Saturday.

Mr. A. J. Eskew, of the Piney neighborhood, has discovered a bed of ochre and amber on his farm.

Mrs. G. C. Gray returned from Paducah Tuesday, where she has been the guest of friends for several days.

Mrs. J. H. Walker has been quite ill; she sustained something like a paralytic stroke, but is recovering.

An instructive and beautifully illustrated article on "The Inaugural Day" will be found on the third page.

Judging by the way the members are pushing their work the Marion Brass Band will doubtless prove a success.

Rev. B. A. Cundiff, of Tolu, was in town Tuesday, en route home from central Illinois, where he has been holding a meeting.

Rusco & Holland's Nashville Students combined with Gideon's Big Minstrel Carnival will appear in this city on March 25th.

Mrs. J. W. Waggoner, of this place, was notified of the death of her uncle, Wm. Edmunds, at Elizabethtown, Ill., Thursday.

Mr. S. Gugenheim will leave for the east this week to buy his spring goods. He will make a large purchase for the firm.

G. W. McFadden, Chicago, C. Austin, Louisville, Henry Meyer, St. Louis are among this week's arrivals at the Gill House.

Dr. R. J. Morris will be in Salem Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, of next week. Those desiring dental work should see him.

Miss Blanche Payne is in St. Louis attending the millinery opening and obtaining the latest styles and fashions in the millinery line.

Mr. Si Franklin and wife of Levas, were in town Monday. Si is arranging to raise another big corn crop on a river bottom farm this year.

I have a cottage house with four rooms and hall, in desirable section of the town for sale. Large lot and good improvements.

J. W. Blue, Jr.

Mr. J. P. Massey takes charge of the Blow stove factory over Piney this week, and will begin work at once. Mr. E. H. Porter will be paymaster.

Mrs. Richard Orange, of this city, was called to Princeton Sunday to attend the funeral of her brother, who was killed by a railway train in that city Saturday.

Mr. Joe Hughes, of Mattoon, was in town Monday. Mr. Hughes tells us that his father, "Uncle Mack," who is 92 years old, is enjoying good health and is still an active man.

Mr. Lawrence Stinnett and family and Jacob Kittenger and family moved from Daviess county to Marion last week. They will open a stock of millinery and gents furnishing goods here.

The horse stolen from the Pierce livery stable has been located in Stoddard county, Mo., but the thief has not been captured. Mr. Pierce will send a man to Missouri to identify the horse and bring it home.

ALL persons owing me are requested to call and settle at once. After this notice accounts not settled will be placed in the hands of an officer. I need the money and must have it.

Mrs. Nina Howerton.

"The Cottage Hotel," is the wording of an attractive new sign on Main street. The name of Mrs. Henrietta Cameron's popular hostelry has been changed from "Cameron House" to the foregoing title.

The new city marshal, Mr. Albert Cannan, will assume the star and "billy" the first on the month and unless all signs fail he will make us a capital officer. In the meantime Paul Walker is wearing the badge with as much grace and dignity as if he were a veteran.

Mr. E. C. Hayward, cashier of the Farmers Bank, has been exceedingly busy the past week. Besides giving his manifold duties in the bank proper attention, he has a bouncing, brand new boy at home to look after. Ed, is falling into Marion's style as easy as if he were a native.

Seed oats for sale.
S. D. Hughes,
Near Weston.

In the last week's issue of the Cadiz Record we noticed a most interesting contribution by a former citizen of Trigg county, now residing in this city. "Marion" was the subject of the article and our town, the school, the people and THE PRESS were spoken of in the most complimentary terms.

The School Tax.

The school board held a meeting Saturday and made the tax levy for 1901. The rate was fixed at the old figure, 50 cents ad valorem and \$1.50 poll. This rate will pay another \$1000 on the bonded indebtedness this year, reducing it to \$5,000.

Macadamizing the Streets.

The city council will purchase \$1100 worth of rock to be used in macadamizing the streets this year. This movement will meet with the hearty approval of the public. Nothing adds to a town more than the substantial improvement of its streets.

Our Roll of Honor.

The following have paid up or renewed their subscriptions to the Press since our last issue:

T. M. Butler, Fredonia.
V. G. Dillard, Weston.
Mr. Babb, Repton.
J. M. McConnell, Shady Grove.
C. R. Newcom, Repton.
G. W. Jones, Dycusburg.
W. J. Hurst, Tribune.
John R. Glass, Dycusburg.
J. M. McConnell, Mattoon.

A Negro Speaks.

A colored orator named Armstrong addressed a goodly number of his people at the court house Monday night. He discussed the condition of the colored race and offered some suggestions for the improvement of his people. He advised habits of industry, moral and mental cultivation. He said that it was a settled question that the negro must live in the South, as the North would not have him, and he must cultivate the friendship of the Southern people. "Leave politics alone and stand by those who aid and assist you," was an appeal he made.

A CITIZEN'S VIEWS

On the Question of Waterworks and Electric Lights.

ED. PRESS: I think the people of Marion are unanimously in favor of electric lights and waterworks. The spirit of improvement is abroad and everywhere I find the taxpayers responsive to the onward movement. In the past we have always shown a disposition to keep step with the world, but there should be reason, or good common business acumen, in all things. Now as to the proposition submitted to the council by the gentlemen who have purchased the franchises, I think we should proceed slowly, and give it the same consideration that the business man gives any important business proposition. I am not posted, and would not rush into print as a Nestor, but \$2200 is a pretty heavy tax to be levied upon the people of Marion, especially as it is to run over a long period of years. It would take a tax of something like 50 cents on the \$100 worth of taxable property to raise this sum. It is agreed that the saloon license would pay this sum. Now we may not have saloons twenty years, and if they should be abolished then we would have to go down into our pockets and pay the bill. In addition to this, as private citizens we would have to pay for all the lights and water served to us. This merits the consideration of the gentlemen who stand as the representatives of the people.

Then many cities and towns own their own plants, and experience teaches that in many instances this is the cheaper plan. I hope the city council will investigate thoroughly before jumping to the conclusion that the proposition made is the best thing for us. Above all things, gentlemen of the council, lend your ears to the taxpayers before you take any effective steps.

A CITIZEN.

Lost or Strayed.

From my farm near Marion one black barrow hog, long body, long legged, and one ear nearly torn off by dogs. Was in good form when last seen on the farm about Dec. 1st; weight about 250 lbs. Another barrow hog about same size, black and reddish or sandy, white spotted, bigger and fatter than the first; disappeared with the first. Also two sows, one black, big ears, unmarked, would soon have been with pigs; the other black and white spotted, not so big as the black one. Don't know the marks; last seen about Christmas or early in January. Will pay liberal reward to any person who will give me any information as to whereabouts of these hogs.

J. P. Reed.

STRAYED.—From near Frances Monday night, Feb. 25, one black horse, medium size, six years old, thin order and has distemper.

Geo. Thomas,
Mariou, Ky.

FOR SALE:—A farm of 96 acres, two houses, barns and other out buildings, good water, 2 good orchards, 6 miles east of Marion; for sale at a bargain. For particulars call on or address

J. H. TURLEY, Starr, Ky.

Farm for Rent.

A good farm in Crittenden county, two miles from Lola, Ky., on the road leading from Pleasant Grove church to Golconda road. Good house, good water, fine corn, and tobacco land; 141 acres in all. For further information call on or address,

Pants \$4, suits \$14. Made to order at Fohs'.

Leave your laundry at Stone & McConnell's for the Magnet laundry agent.

In Memoriam.

The grim reaper of death has visited Crittenden county and taken from our midst a loving companion and fond mother, sister Sallie Bird Duvall. Her maiden name was Lowery.

She was born Oct. 15th, 1853, and was married to E. M. Duvall Jan. 19th, 1872, and they lived together 29 years and 11 days and not a cross word did she speak to him, and during these years they had three children born unto them—one son and two daughters—Johnie, Mary and Bessie.

Sister Duvall professed faith in Christ twenty-two years before her death. Some years after professing faith in Christ she and her husband joined the United Baptist church at Crooked Creek, Crittenden county, Ky., and in a few years after this they moved their membership to Repton church of the same faith and order where she remained a most faithful and devoted member until death called her home Jan. 29, 1901.

On Jan. 30th her friends tenderly and gently layed her mortal remains to rest in the family graveyard to sleep the sleep that knows no waking until the resurrection morning.

It can be truly said of our lamented sister that her life was one of true and genuine devotion to Christ and his cause. Faithful and vigilant in all her duties in her church work, and often when they would be singing religious songs at home she would be maid to rejoice in a Savior's love and wherever duty called she went with a willing heart and helping hand to help any and all that needed help, sympathy and comfort. Surely she hath wrought a good work for her master.

It was only to know her to love her, for she was beloved by all and they that knew her best, loved her most.

She hath done what she could and did it for the Master's sake.

We mourn her loss but not like those who have no hope, we are confident that we will see and meet her again on the other shore to renew the ties of Christian love and friendship, which may seem for a while to be broken and severed but not forever, for we realize our loss is heaven's gain, and we bow our uncovered heads in humble submission to the will of our Lord and Savior and grasp the divine promise that these light afflictions which are but for a moment, work out for us a far more and an exceeding and an eternal weight of glory.

May the Lord comfort and bless her bereaved friends and brethren and especially her sorrowing husband and children who are left behind, is the desire of their friend and pastor.

J. B. Wallace.

Notice.

All persons indebted to me by note or account are requested to call at Boston & Walker's furniture store and settle. You owe me, I need it, and the thing for you to do is to pay. I can't wait any longer.

Jesse Olive.

March 1, 1901.

Hughe's Tonic

Palatable.

Better than Calomel or Quinine. The Old Reliable.

Excellent General Tonic!

as well as a sure cure for

Chills and Fever

IT NEVER FAILS!

Just what you need at this season.

MILD LAXATIVE.
NERVOUS SEDATIVE.
SPLENDID TONIC

Guaranteed by your Druggist. Don't take any substitute.

50c. and \$1 Bottles

Hearins

Price List:

Pickels, per doz. 5 cts.
Bottle pickels, 3 for 25cts.
Kraut, per lb 4cts.

LOOK!

Hominy flake, per lb 3cts
Dry beans, per lb 5cts
Dry peaches, per lb 3cts
Evaporated apples, 3 lbs 25cts
" peaches, 3 lbs 25cts
" apricots, 2 lb 25cts
" prunes, 5 lbs 25cts
Quaker oats, 2 packages 25cts
Early breakfast oats, 3 pkgs 25cts
Petti Johns wheat, 2 pkgs 25cts
Rolston wheat, 2 pkgs 25cts
5 cans peas for 25 cts
American sardines 2 cans 15
Jelly per glass 5c
Corn syrup, per gallon, 25cts
Sweet potatoes \$1 per bushel.
1000 matches for 5cts.
Standard snuff, 10c size for 5c.
The best hams, Godel brand, 12 1/2c
Cheese straws, per pkg 15c.

Please remember we are always in the lead. Don't fail to see us before you buy your goods.

We handle everything in the grocery line and will not be undersold by anyone.

Hearin & Son. A. M. Henry's

Price List!

Hominy flake, per lb 4c.
New York navy beans 5cts.
Evaporated apples 10c, 3lbs 25cts.
Evaporated peaches 10c
Can peas, 4 cans for 25c
" 3 " 25c
" 2 " 25c
Can corn, 2 cans for 25c
" 3 " 25c
Tomatoes 3 3lb cans 25c
Raisons 1 lb 3 crown 25c
4 lb evaporated prunes for 25c
Corn syrup, per gal. 25c.
Evaporated apricots 3 lb for 25c
Six glass tumblers (this week only) 10c.
3 pkgs early breakfast oats 25c.
Remember Henry is always the cheapest place in town for groceries.

A. M. Henry.

SKELTON'S CORNER.

A few bargains left of the mammoth stock of bankrupt goods that we have been closing out, and if you will be in a hurry you may get a bargain yet:

Pair lace curtains worth \$4.00, at \$2.00
3000 yds laces worth 15c at 3c to 7 1/2c
Children's band combs 10c
3 gold mounted beauty pins 10c
Ladies fancy hat pins 5c
Ladies' 35c jeweled side combs at 17c
Childrens vests at 7c
Complete printing press 89c
Children's jumping ropes 5c
Hearth brooms 10c
Gents gold filled watch chains at 69c
Gents diamond shirt stud at \$1.39
Children's school bags 3c

We wish also for you to keep in mind that we run a restaurant and boarding house where you can get a good 25c meal for 15c and lodging for 15c.

We furnish a good pie, cake and milk or coffee lunch for 10c

Lunches and meals served at all hours. Remember the place is 230 Main street, 2 doors south of Orme's drug store.

Marion Bank,

Established 1887.

Capital paid up.....\$20,000
Surplus..... 5,000

We offer to depositors and patrons every facility which their balances, business and responsibility warrant.

J. W. BLUE, Pres.

T. J. YANDELL, Cashier.

Ladies Favorite.—Morley's Little Liver Pills for Bilious People are the ladies' favorite, because they are small, easily taken, and do their work quietly, but effectively. One a dose. Sold by

The Trust Problem.

To a thoughtful mind, the trust problem is one of serious import. It must be firmly grasped with, for it creeps upon society before you are aware of its existence, in this respect much resembling the various disorders which attack the stomach, such as constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia and biliousness. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will cure all such ailments and prevent a grippe, malarial fever and ague. Be sure to give it a trial.

Unlike Anybody Else.

Obstinacy, like most other qualities, has many forms of manifesting itself. "I do think," said one of the group of nephews who were discussing "Uncle Chauncey's" peculiarities, "he's the contraryest man alive."

"What new light have you had on the subject?" asked one of the others.

"Well, he's so contrary," was the rejoinder, "that if he sees a newspaper advertisement headed: 'Don't read this!' he doesn't read it!"—Youth's Companion.

Beating All Records.

Whenever the American people find a thing of merit, absolute genuine merit, they appreciate it and never hesitate to make liberal use of it. It is merit that counts for the enormous sale of Cascarets—over six million boxes last year. It is the best bowel and liver regulator in the world and sold at prices that suit everybody—10c, 25c and 50c a box, put up in tablet form, and every tablet stamped "C. C. C." There is no waste. Cascarets are easy to take and are sold by the makers under an absolute guarantee to refund the money if Cascarets do not prove satisfactory. A 50c box is enough for a whole month's treatment for the worst case. Every sufferer is urged to give Cascarets an immediate trial.

We often read of the canopy of heaven; I wonder if it's supported by the moon's beams?—Aly Sloper.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Wm. Wood

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. *Wm. Wood*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

No crop can be grown without Potash. Supply enough Potash and your profits will be large; without Potash your crop will be "scrubby."

Our books, telling about composition of fertilizers best adapted for all crops, are free to all farmers.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

TO HOT SPRINGS ARKANSAS
Three Daily Trains.

TO OKLAHOMA AND Indian Territory
Two Daily Trains.

Pullman Sleepers and Free Reclining Chair Cars all the way without charge to TEXAS and the WEST. The very best of connections. Cheap home-seekers tickets on sale first and last of Tuesday each month. Memphis Ticket Office, 15 Monroe St.

F. D. BLACKMAN, T. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.
FRANK M. GRIFFITH, T. P. A., Memphis, Tenn.
GEO. H. LEE, Gen. P. & T. A., Little Rock, Ark.

INTENSE PAIN IN THE EYE is often excruciating and calls for immediate relief. **MITCHELL'S EYE SALVE** will do more for the sufferer than all the new-fangled remedies put together. **MITCHELL'S** is an old, reliable SALVE. Price, 25 cts.

Most smoked in a few hours with **KRAUSERS' LIQUID EXTRACT OF SMOKE**. Made from hickory wood. Gives the flavor. Cleanest, cheapest, free from insects. Send for circular. E. KRAUSER & BRO., Milton, Pa.

PISOS CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

FIRE AT IBA, ZAMBALES.

Government Buildings, Including the Twenty-Fourth Infantry's Supplies Burned.

CAILLES' OFFER FOR AMERICAN HEADS.

Commissioner Worcester Preparing a Bill Permitting the Temporary Lending of Lands for Mining Purposes Until a Government Shall be Established.

Manila, Feb. 23, 6:15 p. m.—The government buildings at Iba, capital of Zambales province, have been burned the jail alone escaping the flames. The Twenty-fourth infantry's supplies were destroyed by fire. A steamer has been sent to Iba from Manila with stores.

A detachment of the Fourth infantry has captured Gen. Vinegra near Cavite Viejo.

Gen. Cailles has issued a proclamation offering ten Mexican dollars a piece for the heads of Americans.

TO WORK MINING LANDS.

A Bill Being Prepared to Permit Temporary Mining Leases.

Manila, Feb. 23.—Commissioner Worcester is preparing a bill for submission to the commission, permitting the leasing of land until a government shall have been established which shall have authority to alienate the lands for mining claims. Many squatters have settled in the provinces of Benguet and Lepanto, and are mining gold and other metals, which abound. The leases authorized by the proposed bill will not permit the carrying out of mining operations or the cutting of timber, but will give the lessees other advantages in the direction of ownership.

Thousands of men are working upon the government wagon road between Daigupan and Baguio, the capital of the Benguet province, which is being constructed at a fractional part of the cost estimated by army engineers.

The records of temperature at Baguio for December and January show the weather to have been remarkably cool and salubrious. A health resort for soldiers and civilians is soon to be established there.

The Twenty-third infantry will sail on the transport Logan, March 1, stopping at Vigan to take Companies C, E and M, which have been detained at Ilocos by smallpox, provided the quarantine is raised.

MISS BOOTE NON-COMMITTAL.

Will Neither Affirm Nor Deny the Story of Her Marriage to the Marquis of Headfort.

London, Feb. 23.—Miss Rosie Boote, of the "Floradora" company, declines to confirm or deny the report of her marriage to the marquis of Headfort, but the fact is accepted by society here, and it has caused an immense sensation.

It is said that the marquis of Headfort's mother became aware of the young guardsman's intentions some time ago, through a letter found by his valet in the marquis' pocket, making arrangements for Miss Boote to meet him at the registry office and get married. The valet took the letter to the marchioness, who proceeded to stop the wedding. The marchioness, however, recently went to Cairo, leaving her son in the care of his brother officers of the life guards. The latter have been keeping close watch on the marquis. They kept him practically confined to barracks, but, it is said, he managed to slip off, Thursday, when the marriage is alleged to have taken place.

Miss Boote played a small part in "The Messenger Boy" at the Gaiety theater, and accompanied Manager George Edwards to the United States as a chorus girl in "The Runaway Girl."

Shamefully Treated by Boers.

Pretoria, Feb. 23.—A British officer who was taken prisoner by Gen. De Wet at Sand Drift, but subsequently released at Houtenkraal, asserts that he and his fellow-prisoners were shamefully treated by the Boers. He says he saw Gen. De Wet personally jumbling a British officer for expostulating in reference to the treatment.

For World's Fair Commissioners.

St. Louis, Feb. 24.—A Washington dispatch says that ex-Gov. Francis will suggest to President McKinley the naming of former Presidents Cleveland and Harrison as members of the Louisiana Purchase World's fair commission, the idea being to have men of acknowledged standing and national reputation on the board.

Kennedy Jury Disagreed.

New York, Feb. 23.—The jury in the case of Dr. Samuel J. Kennedy, tried in New York for the murder of Dollie Reynolds, failed to agree and was discharged by Judge Fursman. The jury is understood to have stood eight to four in favor of acquittal.

To Study the Holy Land.

New York, Feb. 23.—Nineteen ministers, most of them Presbyterians, are included in a party of 46 which will start, on Sunday, to make a study of the Holy Land, Egypt and the Mediterranean countries.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

"No rate concessions whatever to the Grand Army," is the motto which has been adopted by the lines in the Central Passenger association.

Hoisting engineers employed in Illinois coal mines are resisting an effort by the Mine Workers' union to absorb their organization.

The old Central hotel building, near the depot, at Sandoval, Ill., was burned Friday. The loss is \$2,500; no insurance.

Gen. DeWet is moving north to join Commandant Hertzog, from whom he expects to get a supply of fresh horses.

President McKinley has decided to not send the Cuban constitution to congress until the section on Cuba's relations to the United States has been attached.

George Kiefer of Balwin, Mo., discovered thieves trying to take away his mules and chased them away with a shot-gun.

Louis McDowell, arrested in Cincinnati, has been positively identified as the man who impersonated W. J. Lemp, Jr., at St. Louis, and obtained a diamond sunburst, valued at \$800, from Merrick Walsh & Phelps, jewelers.

Mrs. Emilie Curry, aged 52 years, dropped dead while milking a cow at Monett, Mo. She had been a sufferer from heart trouble for a number of years.

The Ananias club of St. Louis, at its annual meeting, refused to discard the George Washington hatchet as its official emblem because of Mrs. Nation's recent acts.

Democratic members of the Missouri delegation in the house, at Washington, have decided to press the name of Mr. De Armond for minority leader in the next house.

It is announced at Vienna that the pope has decided to unite the papal representation of the vatican in the United States and Canada in one and the same person.

Mrs. W. W. McGaughey, of Gainesville, Tex., committed suicide by hanging. It is supposed she was temporarily insane.

Two of the great supply bills of the government, the post office and the diplomatic and consular appropriation bills, were passed by the senate Friday.

Recent disturbances in Spain seem to have obliterated the bitter memories of the Spanish-American war, and United States Minister Storer seems to be growing in favor.

W. B. Leicester, of Manhattan, Kas., has been commissioned major in the British army, to serve in South Africa. He was formerly in the queen's service and fought for America during the Spanish war.

Because of the recently-acquired passion for strong drink, which he could not overcome, Thomas J. Evans, Jr., son of a wealthy Missouri mine owner and ranchman, shot and killed himself in a room at McCoy's hotel, Chicago.

Comptroller of the Currency Dawes has appointed C. E. Chamberlain, of Lebanon, Ill., special agent to settle up the affairs of a defunct national bank which failed at Guthrie, Okla., in 1892.

Gov. Stanley of Kansas has signed the Hurrell temperance bill, which makes places where liquor is sold common nuisances, and allows the county officers to confiscate the illegal stock.

Mrs. Julia Green Scott, of Bloomington, Ill., who was elected by the Daughters of the American Revolution vice-president for Illinois, is one of the most distinguished and wealthiest women of central Illinois.

Mrs. Nora Woodruff, wife of a prominent farmer, who has been confined in the Davidson county (Tenn.) jail since November 13, 1898, has been taken to the penitentiary to serve a life sentence for the murder, by drowning, of her five-year-old stepchild.

A BLANKET INJUNCTION.

It is Designed to Protect Non-Union Employees of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Co.

Gallup, N. M., Feb. 23.—A sweeping blanket injunction, issued by Judge Crumpacker, of Albuquerque, has been served on about 150 miners and citizens at the instance of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Co., forbidding them to interfere, by intimidation, persuasion or otherwise, in any manner with the employees of that company with prospective employees. Non-union negroes shipped here by the Colorado Fuel & Iron Co. have begun work in the mines at Catalpa. It is said that only about half of them are miners.

KILLED IN A DANCE HALL.

A Well-Known Gaffer Killed, Accidently, by a Negro Woman at Denver, Col.

Denver, Col., Feb. 23.—James Russell, a young Scotchman, golf instructor for the Overland Park club, was instantly killed in a dance hall by Mrs. Stella Stallings, a colored woman with whom he was dancing. The two were playing with a revolver which was not supposed to be loaded. Russell was a well-known golfer and won a game from Vardon, the English champion, when he was here some months ago.

To Hunt the Polar Bear.

Topeka, Kas., Feb. 23.—Buffalo Jones, the famous arctic explorer, who spent eight months in that region two years ago, has received a flattering offer from the federal government to return to the arctic region, next summer, and secure some polar bear

ST. LOUIS WORLD'S FAIR.

The Appropriation Bill, with a Sunday Closing Amendment Passed by the House.

IT ALSO HAS A CHARLESTON, S. C., RIDER

The Senate Called to Meet in Extra Executive Session on the Dissolution of the Present Congress—The House Employs Investigation Resolution.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The bill providing for the Louisiana Purchase exposition at St. Louis has passed the senate with an amendment which provides for the closing of the exposition on Sunday, and a further amendment providing for a government exhibit at the Charleston, exposition. The bill passed the senate without division.

It made an appropriation of \$250,000 for the government exhibit.

On motion of Mr. Teller an amendment providing for the closing of the Charleston exposition on Sunday was adopted, and the Tillman amendment was then agreed to without division.

Then, without a dissenting voice, the bill was passed.

Senators Depew, Proctor and Vest were named as conferees on the exposition bill.

The fortification appropriation bill then was taken up, and Mr. Butler (N. C.) spoke of the large appropriations contained in this and other measures.

In particular he criticised the appropriation of \$225,000 for the purchase of Cushing's Island, Maine, for fortification purposes.

Mr. Pettigrew created a laugh during the presentation of morning business by proposing an amendment to the army appropriation bill reading:

"And that the title of the president shall hereafter be 'the president of the so-called republic of the United States, and the emperor of the Islands of the Sea.'"

Mr. Butler jocularly asked if the coming inauguration ceremonies were taking into account this imperial regime.

"Yes, everything will be conducted with due pomp," replied Mr. Pettigrew.

"The senator from South Dakota (Pettigrew) and the senator from North Carolina (Butler) and myself should not feel concerned about such matters," interjected Mr. Chandler.

"For none of us will be here."

Mr. Chandler's reference to the speedy retirement of himself and Messrs. Pettigrew and Butler raised another laugh.

Extra Executive Session Called.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The president has issued a proclamation calling a special session of the senate for executive purposes immediately on the dissolution of the present congress, March 4.

House Employs Investigation.

Washington, Feb. 23.—At the opening of the session of the house Mr. Dabzell (Pa.) reported back from the committee on rules the resolution offered, on Thursday, by Mr. Bailey (Tex.) for the investigation of the pay of employees of the house. The resolution had been amended by the committee on rules so as to empower the committee to send for persons and papers and administer oaths.

The Naval Appropriation Bill.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The conferees on the naval appropriation bill reached a disagreement on the main items before them—appropriations for battleships, for additional submarine boats and for appropriations involving the removal of the naval station from Port Royal to Charleston, S. C. These disagreements will be reported to the respective houses.

A MYSTERIOUS ASSASSIN.

He Continues to Multiply His Mysterious Assaults Upon Women at Denver, Col.

Denver, Col., Feb. 23.—The mysterious assassin who has for several months terrorized the people of Denver by murderous assaults upon women walking alone at night has added three more to his already long list of victims. All were assaulted within a few blocks of the same place and within an hour. Each was struck from behind on the right side of the head with a club and were unconscious when found. The victims are Mrs. Mary Short, colored, who will die, Mrs. Josephine Unterahner, not seriously injured, and Miss Emma Johnson, who may die. There is no apparent reason for the assaults, and the police are without the slightest clew to the perpetrator.

Latimer E. Jones Pardoned.

New York, Feb. 23.—Latimer E. Jones, who, 15 years ago, startled financial circles by his vast enterprises, failed for many thousands and fled to South America, and was later arrested in London, on a charge for forgery, and extradited to this country, has been pardoned by Gov. Odell from Sing Sing.

Chicago's Murdered Italian.

New York, Feb. 23.—It is believed that the Italian known as Di Giovanni murdered in Chicago on Thursday, was Raphael Yacopetto, who was wanted here on the charge of felonious assault with a razor on Giuseppe DeMaio, an Italian laborer, during a row in the saloon on January 11.

A UNITED STATES SENATOR

Says Pe-ru-na, the Catarrh Cure, Gives Strength and Appetite.



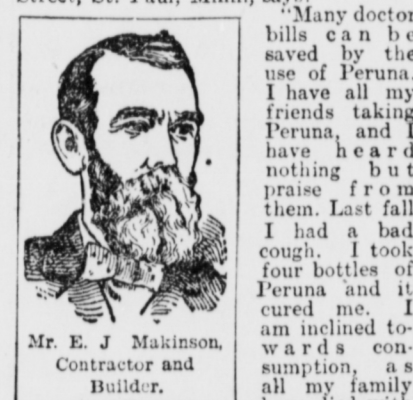
Hon. W. N. Roach, United States Senator from North Dakota.

Hon. W. N. Roach, United States Senator from North Dakota, personally endorses Peruna, the great catarrh cure and tonic. In a recent letter to The Peruna Medicine Company, at Columbus, Ohio, written from Washington, D. C., Senator Roach says:

"Persuaded by a friend I have used Peruna as a tonic, and I am glad to testify that it has greatly helped me in strength, vigor and appetite. I have been advised by friends that it is remarkably efficacious as a cure for the almost universal complaint of catarrh."—W. N. Roach, Larimore, North Dakota.

No other remedy can take the place of Peruna.

Mr. Ed. J. Makinson, contractor and builder, 610 Grand Block, Wabash Street, St. Paul, Minn., says:



Mr. Ed. J. Makinson, Contractor and Builder.

"Many doctor bills can be saved by the use of Peruna. I have all my friends taking Peruna, and I have heard nothing but praise from them. Last fall I had a bad cough. I took four bottles of Peruna and it cured me. I am inclined towards consumption, as all my family have died with it. I weigh 155 pounds, and I believe it is Peruna that has given me such good health."—J. Makinson.

As a result of the changeable climate, catarrh has become one of the most prevalent and universal diseases known to man. Nearly one-third of the people of the United States are afflicted with catarrh in some of its many phases and stages. Add to this the fact that catarrh rapidly tends to become fixed or chronic, also the further fact that it is capable of producing a great many other diseases, and we begin to realize the true nature of this dread disease.

So formidable has catarrh become that in every city or town of any size numerous doctors are to be found who make the treatment of catarrh a specialty. Of course a great deal of good is accomplished in this way, but as yet a comparatively small number of the people can avail themselves of this treatment because of the great expense necessarily attached to it.

To all such people Dr. Hartman's remedy, Peruna, comes as a great boon. Not only is it more successful in curing catarrh than the treatment of the catarrh specialists, but it is within the reach of every person in this land. Peruna can be bought at any drug store, and is a remedy without equal for catarrh in all forms, coughs, colds, bronchitis, consumption, and all climatic diseases of winter.

Peruna is not a guess, nor an experiment; it is an absolute, scientific certainty. Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Peruna has no substitutes—no rivals. Insist upon having Peruna. Let no one persuade you that some other remedy will do nearly as well. There is no other systemic remedy for catarrh but Peruna.



Byron J. Kirkhuff, Attorney and Counselor at Law.

"I have used your Peruna for catarrh and find its curative powers all you recommend. It cured me of a very bad attack and, though I suffered for years I feel entirely relieved, and if it will benefit others, I gladly give it my endorsement."—B. J. Kirkhuff.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, president of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Low Rates to Texas.

At frequent intervals during 1901, round trip tickets will be sold via the **Cotton Belt Route**, from Cairo and Memphis to points in Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, and Indian and Oklahoma Territories, at greatly reduced rates.

Tell us where you want to go; also when you would like to leave, and we will tell you when you can secure one of the low-rate tickets and what it will cost. We will also send you a complete schedule for the trip and an interesting little book, "A Trip to Texas."

W. C. PEELE, D. P. A., Memphis, Tenn. W. G. ADAMS, T. P. A., Nashville, Tenn.
F. R. WYATT, T. P. A., Cincinnati, Ohio. M. ADAMI, T. P. A., Cairo, Ill.
E. W. LABEAUME, G. P. and T. A., St. Louis, Mo.

FREE WINCHESTER SHOTGUNS

Our 160 page illustrated catalogue, **FREE**

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.
180 WINCHESTER AVE., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Factory loaded shotgun shells, "NEW RIVAL," "LEADER," and "REPEATER." A trial will prove their superiority.

HARD LUCK STORIES.

Told by Men Who Have Claims Against the Government.

Hundreds Invade Washington Every Season, But Few Go Away with Money in Their Inside Pockets.

[Special Washington Letter.] CLAIMANTS for justice before congress usually have a hard row to hoe. The congress bends its best energies upon national affairs, so that individuals have a hard time in their endeavors to attract attention to themselves and their claims. It is the same old story, year after year.

Some of the claimants, in fact a majority of them, deserve the legislation which they vainly seek through the passing years. But there are many who come here as freaks seeking to tap the treasury till with very slender foundation for their pretenses of a claim upon the blindfolded goddess.

The man who was arrested because he looked as much like John H. Surratt as a twin brother, and who appealed to congress for \$100,000 damages, after five years of patient waiting, gave up his fight.

The story is a strange one. In June, 1865, John George Ryan, then living in Memphis, Tenn., but now residing in Chicago, was arrested by a provost marshal and conveyed as a prisoner to the old Capitol prison in this city "under strong guard and with hands and feet heavily chained." Then he was taken to a prison in Vicksburg, where "heavy balls and chains were cold-welded on his legs and he was stapled down to the floor of a solitary cell." He had no idea why he was arrested, although while coming through Harrisburg, on his way to Washington, his guard showed him a paper in which the arrest of Surratt was announced with great headlines. One of the experiences of the eventful journey was thus graphically and even spasmodically described in Mr. Ryan's petition:

At Baltimore a very large crowd had gathered at the depot, and many members of it used very vulgar language to your petitioner.

And cursed, and threatened him savagely, and no doubt would have

Fatally assaulted him if it were not for the presence of his escort and the friendly action of some of the bystanders.

The situation being so serious,

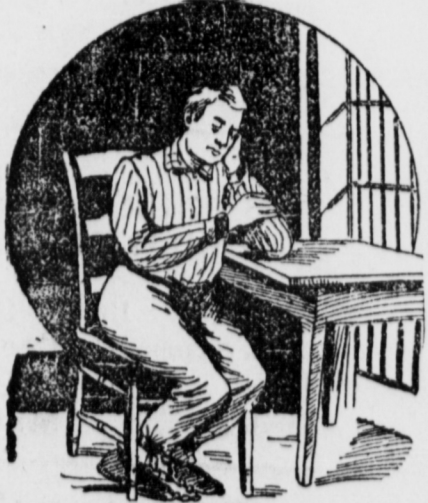
And feeling that his life would be attempted, your petitioner shouted

"That he was not the person that the papers said he was."

But was John G. Ryan, a confederate soldier on parole.

In a style, which is thus a combination of Victor Hugo and Walt Whitman, Mr. Ryan relates the incidents of his arrest and imprisonment, even to his desperate encounter with a rat in the midnight watches of his solitary confinement. It was not until 1885 that he learned, through an official letter from Secretary Endicott, that he had been arrested because he was believed to have been John H. Surratt. Three years later, through Senator Farwell, he presented his petition for damages, with the almost pathetic assertion that he would have done so sooner but for his belief that congress would promptly do him justice whenever he brought the facts to public attention.

That man was an atom in the ocean of claimants. No one gave him sympathy, and few gave him attention. He is merely mentioned as a sample of a class. The writer, like all others who have become accustomed to these cases, does not even give Ryan's memory a moment of pathos or regret. Thus, you see, the people here become unconsciously hardened on these subjects. Any senator would willingly give any claimant a five-dollar bill rather than give the time to listen to his tale of woe. Any ordinary newspaper man would cheerfully give a quarter to a tramp rather than listen to the story of a



TOOK HIM FOR SURRATT.

claimant. They are all so earnest, and each one believes that the government is willing to do him justice. That is true, too. But the government never hears his story.

There's the rub. The government is so complex, and the innocent, earnest claimant is so ignorant. This is truthfully said of hundreds of claimants who are men and women of education and refinement. For, when it comes to tackling the government, right here in its home, the claimant is ignorant, densely ignorant. This is a rule to which there seems to be no exception. The reason of it is that every claimant is human and natural; while the average politician is inhumanly unnaturally selfish, and has no time to look after the interests of others, except when doing so benefits the politician. And the aggregate politician is our government.

"The easiest way is the best way," is the motto and maxim of all politicians. Therefore, when they are cornered by a claimant, they sit and listen to the tale of woe, just as they have listened to scores of others. They are seldom cornered. Occasionally a claimant comes here with a letter of introduc-

tion to a congressman from a county chairman or other prominent politician. He gets an audience on that letter. The congressman receives him politely, listens with interest to his story, tells the claimant that he has a good case and that he will help him.

The claimant goes to his boarding house and tells his acquaintances there that he has the support of Congressman So-and-So, and is bound to win. He goes often to see the congressman, but always is informed that "he has just gone to the white house," or somewhere else. He writes letters to the congressman, and receives letters in reply, stating that the bill is introduced, and he is "doing everything possible with the committee." The claim-



"YOU SEE HOW DIRTY I LOOK?"

ant shows these letters to the landlady, and she trusts him for his board. But the truth is that, after introducing a bill for the claimant, the congressman does nothing more in the matter. He is too busy to waste any time on the human being who is so thoroughly trusting him and praying for his success in pushing the claim. He is looking after his valuable friends; these who can help him to reelection. At the adjournment of congress the claimant is broken-hearted—and the landlady who has given him room and board gets nothing in return for her kindness.

"I could write many interesting chapters for you," says an old claimant here, whom the writer knew in the days of his prosperity. He has a just claim of \$50,000 against the government, and has been here five years urging his claim. He says: "You know that in 1890 I lived at the best hotels. I had a valuable work, and you know all about it. I sold it to the government. Instead of issuing it in book form, as I had intended, I took receipts for the manuscripts. I have the receipts yet. The following congress made no appropriation, but I was told it was an oversight. I did not stand in immediate need of money, and let it go. But in 1894, during the hard times, I lost my business, and the following year I came here to get my money. I have been here ever since. Fortunately for me, an old hotel keeper who knows me to be honest, and believes that I will some day get my money, has kept me and treated me well. But I am promising to pay him double rates, when I get my money. In spite of the fact that I am thus much luckier than other claimants, I am obliged to ask old friends for dollars and half dollars to pay for my washing. I am receiving loans from old friends to buy shirts and other necessary articles of clothing. If I get my money, as now seems likely, I must pay out about \$20,000 for debts which I have incurred. How the other claimants get along is a mystery to me; but I suppose that He who cares for sparrows also cares for honest claimants who come here seeking justice."

These are the words of a man who has been substantially prosperous in business. His word used to be good for thousands of dollars in St. Louis and New Orleans business circles. And yet, when he came here for his money, he was as ignorant and innocent as a "Ruben" who buys gold bricks. He soon found that a congressman is not the government, and that instead of being a welcome guest in the congressional parties, which congregate socially in the evenings, he was a nobody, and wholly unwelcome. That was because he had but one topic of conversation, which was his "claim;" and that is a topic which congressmen do not like to hear discussed. After telling me his story, which has been often repeated, he said: "Can you let me have half a dollar? I need a haircut and shave. You see how dirty I look." He got it. And yet there was a time when he was worth upwards of \$200,000.

There are exceptions to all rules, of course; and there is an exception to the statement that all politicians are selfish, and inhumanly so. There are senators and representatives who spend a great deal of money in charity to just such people. But they are so few, so very few, that claimants who read this letter may take it for granted that the rule will hold good, so that if they have any idea of coming to Washington to press their claims, they should abandon that idea at once. If letters and home influences are not strong enough to spur the congressmen to earnest efforts the claimant might better remain at home among friends. Coming to Washington would do no good.

SMITH D. FRY.

The Coinage of Pennies.

Pennies do not consist of copper alone, there being in them two per cent. of tin and three per cent. of zinc to 95 of copper. They cost the government about 42 cents a pound exclusive of stamping, and there are 148 in a pound, so that the government makes a far profit on every pound minted, since while they are redeemable in gold, but few are ever presented. At present they are all coined in Philadelphia by law, because there was formerly no demand for them at all in the southwest and in the far west. A bill is now before congress permitting their coinage in other mints.

THE MEMPHIS REUNION.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Feb. 25.—At a recent meeting of the general executive committee of the Confederate reunion for 1901, a committee was appointed to join with the several commercial bodies of Memphis to visit Washington and invite President McKinley to be the guest of the city of Memphis on the occasion of the reunion in May next. The committee will leave for the national capital in a few days.

As the time for holding the reunion approaches the several committees are becoming more active. The city is being canvassed by the committee on hotels and accommodations and every available room is being registered. A. D. Langstaff, secretary of the commissary committee, a sub-organization of the general committee in charge of Confederate reunion arrangements, has been very active in the past week or so in the discharge of the duties assigned to him. He is engaged in planning ways and means for caring for the Confederate veterans when they come to the reunion. Many of the commands will very likely bivouac in order to observe strict army regulations, and if it should prove true they will have to be cared for the same as if they were in actual service again—but with more care for their comfort. The commissary committee is to look after these matters. Mr. Langstaff announces that it is the purpose of the committee to have the means of caring for every Confederate veteran whether he is able to pay his own way or not, and they will do so if it is possible. They want it understood that the commissary committee is not organized to look only after those who are able to pay their own way, but to look after the rest as well.

Dr. J. M. Kellar of Hot Springs, Ark., president of the association of medical officers of the army and navy of the Confederacy, and Dr. Deering S. Roberts of Nashville, Tenn., secretary of the association, were in Memphis recently, in conference with Dr. G. B. Malone and Dr. R. W. Mitchell of the medical committee of the Confederate reunion, relative to the meeting of the association, which is to occur in this city during the reunion of veterans in May. Dr. Malone and Dr. Mitchell went over the ground with the visiting gentlemen and Dr. Kellar and Roberts expressed the greatest satisfaction at what had been planned and arranged by the medical committee for the comfort and convenience of the association during its meetings.

At a recent meeting of the medical committee A. D. Langstaff appeared before the committee and called attention to the fact that a committee, of which he is a member, held in trust \$2,400 left over from a larger sum of money raised a number of years ago for sanitary purposes in Memphis. He stated that he was willing to turn over this money to be used for sanitary purposes during the reunion in May, provided the proper authority be secured. Thereupon Dr. R. W. Mitchell moved that the executive committee of the reunion be requested to take the necessary steps to secure this money to be used for sanitary purposes.

The Mozart society has completed arrangements for a musical festival to be given in May during the reunion. The main feature of the festival will be the appearance of the Chicago Symphony Orchestra, under the direction of Adolph Rosenbecker. The vocal soloists for the concert will be Mme. Meredith, soprano; Miss Crawford, alto; E. C. Towne, tenor; Dr. Carl Duff, basso. The Mozart society festival chorus will render oratorio Messiah for one concert and some shorter cantatas and operatic excerpts for the others, and inasmuch as these concerts will be given for the entertainment of the Confederate veterans, it is hoped to enlist the participation of every singer in Memphis in order to make the festival the greatest possible success.

The finance committee under the direction of A. B. Pickett, has nearly completed its labors. It was resolved at the first meeting of the executive committee that \$50,000 would be required to make a grand success of the reunion. Chairman Pickett then and there promised to have this sum on hand in ample time, and he has kept his word, as more than \$40,000 is now in bank subject to the committee's check.

The Missouri Pacific and Choctaw, Oklahoma & Gulf railroads have already officially announced a 1-cent a mile rate and the other large trunk lines entering Memphis are expected to make a similar announcement within a few days.

Brigadier-General J. N. Thompson, U. C. V., of Tuscomb, Ala., is desirous of information concerning William Blarney, an ex-Confederate soldier, and would be glad to ascertain whether he is dead or alive as there is an amount of money that has been bequeathed him by relatives.

Experiments in the greenhouses of the University of Nebraska to develop a new species of nasturtium have proved successful, and the new flower is in full bloom. Its chief quality of excellence is that it is continually and profusely in flower.

More.—The Devotee—"Paderewski is more than a mere pianist." The Philistine—"You bet he is! Why, the duffer must be worth near a million!"—Indianapolis Press.

It must be difficult for a square man to look round.—Ally Sloper.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

No man ever became great and good except through many and great mistakes.—Gladstone.

Thirty minutes is all the time required to dye with VETNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

When you forget there are others you are nearing a burned bridge.—Atchison Globe.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

Bears The Signature Of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

150 KINDS For 16 Cents

Last year we started out for \$50,000 worth of seeds. We received \$20,000. We now have on our books \$1,100,000 worth. We wish \$200,000 more in 1901, making \$1,300,000 full. Hence this unprecedented offer for 16 cents postpaid of 150 kinds of rarest seed catalogues. 12 magnificent earliest melons, 16 sorts glorious tomatoes, 25 delicious lettuce varieties, 12 splendid beet sorts, 65 carefully selected flower seeds in all 150 kinds, sure to delight and please and motivate your hearts, together with our great illustrated Plant and Seed Catalog, telling all about Billions Dollars Grass, Fruit, Tobacco, Broccoli, Speltz, Onion Seed at 50c, etc. all for 16 cents stamps and this notice. Catalog postpaid worth \$10 to any planter of garden and farm seeds.

JOHN A. BALZER SEED CO.
(In) La Crosse, Wis.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: given quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box 2, Atlanta, Ga.

Use **CERTAIN** COUGH CHILL CURE.

A. N. K.—F 1884

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!



Watch our next advertisement.

BLIND MAN'S BUFF is a good game to play. But you cannot afford to play it with coffee. Know what you are drinking! Know what you purchase! Uncover your eyes and see whether you are getting

LION COFFEE

or some cheap glazed substitute that has been treated with polishing materials, in order to hide imperfections. Look at the package! Is a lion's head on it? **LION COFFEE** is the coffee of purity and strength. Try it once.

In every package of **LION COFFEE** you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.



you naturally and easily and without gripe or pain. Start to-night—one tablet—keep it up for a week and help the liver clean up the bowels, and you will feel right, your blood will be rich, face look clean, eyes bright. Get a 50c box of **CASCARETS**, take as directed. If you are not cured or satisfied you get your money back. Bile bloat is quickly and permanently

CURED BY

Cascarets

LIVER TONIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c. ALL DRUGGISTS.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking **CASCARETS** to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with **CASCARETS** to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of **CASCARETS** was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any other medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of its great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith and will sell **CASCARETS** absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start to-day. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of **CASCARETS**. Book free by mail. Address: **STERLING REMEDY CO., NEW YORK or CHICAGO.**

La Creole Will Restore those Gray Hairs

La Creole Hair Restorer is a Perfect Dressing and Restorer. Price \$1.00.

IRON HILL.

Misses Becca and Lena Hodges went visiting Saturday.

Jack Corley, of Tribune, was in this neighborhood last week.

Mr. Will Wallace was buying calves here this week.

Mrs. Susie Wallace who has been sick is recovering.

Miss Dora Brown visited Misses Onie and Alma Brown this week.

Several of our neighbors attended quarterly meeting at Shady Grove Sunday.

Mrs. N. J. Kemp is visiting her daughter at Shady Grove.

J. C. Pichery attended quarterly conference at Shady Grove Sunday.

Mrs. Ann Perkins of Tribune, visited at Shady Grove this week.

Uncle Lindsey Travis has returned from Illinois.

Misses Dora, Onie and Alma Brown attended meeting at Sugar Grove Sunday.

A few nights ago persons unknown took Mr. George Brown's stile block from the gate and placed it on the porch before the door, while Mr. Brown was asleep. He accepts it as a compliment in return for the many pranks he has played on others.

Miss Lena Williams, of Marion, is visiting her sister this week.

Mrs. Truitt visited the Misses Hodges Tuesday.

Miss Robinson was through this section last week selling the life of Queen Victoria.

Mr. John Brown is making sugar tree molasses.

DYCUSBURG.

S. R. Cassidy, of Paducah, was here last week.

Tom Clifton, of Marion, was here a few days ago.

M. B. Charles went to Kuttawa Sunday.

Mrs. Jennie Gray, of Princeton, was visiting her sister, Mrs. S. H. Cassidy, last week.

T. J. Yates and wife are spending a few days in Paducah.

Bill Clifton, of Marion, was in town Sunday.

The Dycusburg roller mill is still running regular day and night, and is doing better work and making more of it than ever before.

S. H. Cassidy & Co. have purchased something over 300,000 pounds of tobacco this season, the largest purchase for several years.

MEXICO.

Little Corbit Bibbs, son of D W Bibbs of Morganfield, was buried here on the 19th. The family has the sympathy of the community.

John Jones sold his farm to Mr Shad-owen last week.

George Brasher, of Dycusburg, visited his sister, Mrs. Butler, Sunday.

Mrs. Huston Hoover is very sick.

James Kings family has grip.

Misses Lisa Watts and Zora Rogers visited Mrs. Maud Rogers this week.

Mrs. Rushing and her son Coleman are visiting friends in Caldwell county this week.

Mrs. James Campbell is visiting her parent at Dycusburg.

James Myers reports that he killed a mad dog in this section last week.

Mrs. Shella Grindstaff, of Flat Rock, was in this section last week.

John Hudgath, a former citizen of this place, died in Tennessee a few days ago.

Mrs. Frank Rose visited friends at W. K. Bibbs last week.

SHADY GROVE.

Bro Wallace filled his regular appointment here Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Lizzie Gardner, of Iron Hill, is trying to get a spring school at this place. Hope she will succeed in getting it for I think she is capable of teaching a good school.

Miss Florence McConnell, of Iron Hill, was the guest of friends in this place last week.

Harry Parker made a flying trip to Marion Sunday to see his best girl.

Ernest Fox, who entered a medical college at Louisville a few months ago has returned home very sick, and we are sorry he did not get to attend the term through.

D. D. Woodson has purchased the Slayton stand in Providence, for which he will have use about April. We are sorry to give him up, who has been our merchant so long.

The singing at Ben Horning Sunday night was enjoyed by all of the young folks of town.

Cal Towery, of Quinn, was among us a few days ago.

J. L. Cardwell and R. M. Riley are running for magistrate.

R. W. Woods is running for representative. Mr. Woods is worthy of the nomination and we hope he will be successful.

BLOWS FACTORY.

Thos Felker has a contract to sit by the fire this week.

J. E. Travis has a chicken with four legs.

If you have to buy seed potatoes call on J. P. Travis and he will go with you to buy some too.

Frank Roberts has a full set of carpenter tools and has gone to killing rabbits.

The girls are to blame for Bab Travis not being some man's son-in-law.

SHERIDAN.

Those on the sick list are W. T. Flanary, Miss Dora Bagwell and Tom Smith.

Several cases of the grip in our community. The mumps also abound.

Shme predict winter in the spring after our mild winter.

W. H. Flanary will move to near Lola soon.

Miss Maggie Moore has secured a spring school at Siloam. We wish her success.

FREDONIA.

A. S. Threlkeld's little granddaughter is growing worse all the time on account of an incurable ailment; she is growing worse all the time.

Alec Hamilton is out again after a severe spell of grip.

Mrs. Lillie Rice and daughter, Miss Burney, of Princeton, have been visiting in town for several days.

Miss Cora Buckner has been visiting in Owensboro several weeks.

Best bargains you ever heard of in heavy winter goods.

C. B. Loyd.

Clothing to suit everybody at greatly reduced rates to close out because of winter stock.

C. B. Loyd.

There will be rainy days and muddy roads and now is the time to buy gum coats and overshoes, while the prices are so low.

C. B. Loyd.

A few pairs of heavy boots at a big discount. Come and see.

C. B. Loyd.

G. W. Stone is postmaster at Kelsey.

Oliver shipped a fine lot of cattle Saturday.

H. W. Davis delivered a temperance lecture at the Baptist church last Sunday night. It does but little good to lecture where Satan has a cinch on the town.

Twinkle Hodge of Princeton was in town last Saturday hunting voters. He wants to be county attorney.

If all the candidates would vote for one he would surely be elected.

The new pure all wool fancy worsted suit that we can sell for \$10 is better than any other store will give you for \$15.

Sam Howerton.

Pure all wool suits for men \$3.90.

Sam Howerton.

Osteopathy.

FRANKLIN, KY.,
February 18, 1901.

ED. PRESS: We have every reason to be pleased with the character of the men and women who have entered the present class. They represent a class of people who have had considerable experience with the world and are able to judge of the advantages of Osteopathy as a profession. The class will be the largest spring class in the history of the institution.

Now that the February class is at work and the new students are entering and will until the 6th of March, when the books will close for this term, we will answer some of the many inquiries regarding the infirmity department of the institution.

"Can you cure nervous prostration and other nervous troubles?"

Osteopathy, as well as this institution, has made its greatest reputation in such troubles. Miss Ella Gardiner, who is well known as a missionary of the Cumberland Presbyterian church, in Japan, and the author of one of the most beautiful illustrated books upon Japan and missionary work there, failed in health in 1895 and was forced to come home. After trying all other remedies she was attracted by osteopathy and after a careful investigation came to this institution for treatment. In an account published while yet a patient she said:

"In the fall of 1895, after two and one half years' residence in Japan, all the time struggling with climatic changes which bring to light the weak points in ones body my nervous system became a complete wreck. I was ordered to quit work and go to the country to rest

and this I did several times, and returned, thinking I was able to go to work, but found I was not. After repeated attempts my physician decided that nothing but rest in my native country would restore my health. After returning home I gradually grew stronger, but with a years rest here I was not able to even be sociable with my friends. Many a time have I longed to be able to get away from the tired self.

"After corresponding with Hon. I. H. Goodnight I decided to come to Franklin, Ky. After taking three weeks treatment the blood ceased rushing to my head and face and I began to feel better. At the end of six weeks I returned home for a visit, I did not intend to do much work, but felt so well that I kept going from one thing to another, the first real consecutive work I had been able to do for over two years. In my case I have no war to wage with medical men, for those whose kind attentions I have received, recognized the inability of medicine to do me any good and prescribed rest, change of climate and plenty of exercise in the open air. For several years during the hot months, I have been troubled with headache. Now in the midst of the hot season I do not have any headache. Osteopathy has done so much for me that were I choosing a secular vocation for a life work I certainly would choose it, and were it not for the time and money required to acquire a knowledge I would acquire it for a help on the mission field. To those who wish to avail themselves of the benefit of osteopathic treatment I most heartily recommend the Franklin Infirmary. The physicians are painstaking and untiring in their work of relieving the suffering. They live for the good they can do."

Since the above was written Miss Gardiner has returned to the mission field in Japan, being pronounced cured, and being able to stand the necessary medical examination therefor. This is a representative case. I do not know of a single failure in similar cases. Osteopathy is worthy an immediate investigation, on the part of the afflicted. Patients are coming to the institution who have waited too long and the opportunity for a cure has been lost by the delay. Diseases never stand still. They should not be allowed to continue the silent and in many cases painless work until the vitality of the body is exhausted and a cure impossible.

We recommend an immediate examination by the skilled physicians of the institution, who will give you a statement as to the probabilities of the case. Send for literature and write regarding your case to The Southern School of Osteopathy, Franklin, Ky.

If a Woman

wants to put out a fire she doesn't heap on oil and wood. She throws on water, knowing that water quenches fire. When a woman wants to get well from diseases peculiar to her sex, she should not add fuel to the fire already burning her life away. She should not take worthless drugs and poisons composed of harmful narcotics and opiates. They do not check the disease—they do not cure it—they simply add fuel to the fire.

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